THE MORNING STAR.

FULL TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS OF THE SOUTHERN ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Daily Letter From Raleigh.

RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A BUSY WEEK!

It has been with us. Our immense line of Spring Fabrics have been exciting a great deal of admiration and attention. Time is money, they say, and the few moments spent in a careful perusal of this announcement will bear out to its fullest degree the truth of this axiom. 'Tisn't the price alone that create the rush here—quality does its share—and a big share, too. You can't say much about values in a simple unembellished statement like this. Nothing outside of a personal visit can give you any idea of the style and quality concerned.

New Silks.

One lot new Shirt Waist Silks, light changeable colors, 90c a yard.
One lot Taffeta Plissi 60c a yard.
One lot first quality Wash Silks only 30c a yard.

BLACK GOODS.

One lot Black Storm Serge, best quality ever sold for the money, 45c a yard.
One lot heavy twilled Serge, just the thing for Skirts, 50c a yard.

SPECIAL.

One lot all-wool CHALLIES, worth 25c a yard, 12½c a yard. (See styles in window.)

WASH FABRICS

In endless variety.

Imported Dimities, 40-inch wide, 20c a yard.
French Organdies 35c a yard.
Percales 12c a yard.
Drap de Veinna 15c a yard.

Perfect Fitting and Good Wearing

are the

"KAYSER Patent Finger-Tipped" Silk Gloves.

We warrant them. Our store is noted for selling the best of everything. These gloves are the best made, and in every pair a Guarantee Ticket that is good for a new pair Free in any case where the "Tips" wear out before the gloves. Blacks and Colors, 50c., 75c., and $1.00.

Just Received

A beautiful line of Side Combs with real Sterling Silver ornaments.
Belt Pins in Frosted Silver and Blue Enameling.
Belt Buckles in exquisite designs, perfect imitations of Silver.
Black Enameled Belt Buckles.
A special lot of Knitting Silk, each ball containing 80 yards, all the shades, only 12½c a ball.
We wish to call especial attention to our line of Gent's Furnishings.
Gent's Tecks and Four-in-hands.
Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, etc.
500 Umbrellas in several lengths at astonishingly low prices.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

apr 21 tf

DRY GOODS.

An Eye-Opener for Spring.

WE COMPASS WITHIN OUR SMALL space more truthful talk than if oft times spread over page. You who know us, know that we do not make any promises promiscuously without producing the proof, "Everything we name we own." You can never say you was lured to disappointment by any printer's ink above our signature

ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE.

Our 36 inch dress goods, worth 25c, 18c.
Our 36-inch all wool Henriettas, worth 50c, 33½c.
A full line of Danish Cloth, all colors, 10c.
Our 40-inch all wool French Serge, worth 60c, 44c.
Our 44 inch all wool, extra heavy storm serge, worth, 75c, 63c.
A full line of imitation Moire silk, worth 25c, 15c.
Our 30-inch Creponettes, high colors, worth 15c, 12½c.
Our 32-inch plain and figured Princess lawns, worth 15c, 9c.
A beautiful line of Percales, worth 12½c, 9c.
Our 27-inch Scotch figured Dimites, worth 15c, 9c.
Our Wattean striped lawns, worth 15c, 9c.
Our 30 inch Satinettes, bright patterns, worth 15c, 9c
Ask to see our silk stripe Challies, worth 30c, 19c.
A full line of Crepons, all colors, worth 12c, 8c.
Ask to see our new draperies, 10c, 15c, 25c.
Some new things in Lace Curtains at 90c per pair.
New lot of Table Cloths and Doylets.

DOMESTICS.

Very good quality, 8c per yard.
4x4 Sea Island, 4c per yard.
Remnants in bleaching, 8c per yard.
Good yard-wide bleach, 5c yer yard.
25c bleached sheeting, 18c.
Best Ticking, 15c.
And lots of other good values.
Mattings! Mattings! Mattings!—Cheaper than ever.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2.00 and over

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OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVI.—NO. 28. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,724

OUTLINES.

More Spanish troops for Cuba. —— New postmaster at Rocky Mount, N. C. —— Anarchist Debs' conspiracy case to come up May 6th. —— Internal revenue receipts on account of the income tax. —— Base ball games played yesterday. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— The re-hearing of the income tax case. —— Fatal shooting in Florida—Two men killed and another wounded. —— The Chicago League planning a campaign against the free coinage movement. —— Respite granted to a New York murderer. —— Foreign News—News from the East; England about to make an armed demonstration against Nicaragua; no U. S. vessel there. —— New York *Sun's* review of the cotton market. —— A New England cotton mill official defaults in his accounts. —— Monument at Chicago to the Confederate dead. —— A negro hanged in Arkansas for killing his wife. —— Life imprisonment operates as a divorce without further legal proproceedings. —— A large steamer ashore South of Cape Henry. —— Fire at St. Paul, Minn. —— Miners in Illinois to strike. —— The cashier of the Merchants' and Farmers' National Bank of Charlotte, a defaulter to the amount of $60,000. —— The coopers strike in the Gallego flour mills, Richmond, Va. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½ per cent; cotton quiet; middling gulf 7 3-16 cents; middling uplands 6 15-16 cents; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to fair extra $1.00@2.90; good to choice do. $2.60@3.40; wheat dull, firm and scarce; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 64¼@64¾c; afloat 65¾c; corn dull and easier; No. 2 at elevator 54c; afloat 55¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady; machine barrels 33c; rosin quiet and firm; strained common to good $1.50@1 53½.

The man who imported and rode the first bicycle brought into this country was killed the other day in New York by competing with a coal cart for the right of way.

The French wanted to make it as hot for traitor Dreyfus as they could and sent him to the Devil's Island, on the coast of French Guiana, where the presumption was he would have a devil of a time.

New York can't brag about the average wealth of its citizens, when out of a claimed population of 2,000,000 there are only 18,000 who, according to the income tax returns, have an income of $4,000 a year.

The city of Chicago hasn't seen the last of the Debs rioting business yet. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has sued the city for $46,010. The $10 was put in to show that the company knew just how much it was hurt.

Ex-President Harrison has very considerately declined an invitation to attend a meeting of the Lincoln League Clubs of Ohio at Cleveland, as that is in Gov. McKinley's bailiwick, it might look like interfering with his little Presidential boom.

A negro at Waycross, Ga., had a narrow escape the other day. He was convicted of larceny and the judge inadvertently sentenced him to one year in the Georgia Legislature. But the sheriff discovered the mistake and took the man to the penitentiary.

We are in receipt of a handsomely printed and bound volume, issued by Clapp and Company, Bankers and Commission Merchants, New York, containing their weekly market letters and much valuable statistical information on crops, railroads, etc., conveniently arranged for reference.

A railroad section foreman in New Jersey had so little confidence in the banks that he deposited his money in his trunk. The other day while his wife was supplying one tramp with dinner, another one made an inspection of the house and got away with $2,000, which he found in a trunk up stairs.

Mr. Edward Atkinson, of Boston, gave a dinner to ten persons in Washington the other day, and the cost of the lay out was $1.50, 15 cents a head. They had seven courses, including some of Mr. Atkinson's "glorified hash." But the presumption is they were not very hungry and didn't pass their plates a second time.

Ex-Consul Waller (colored), who was sentenced by a French court martial in Madagascar to imprisonment for complicity in the Hova outbreak, has been shipped from Madagascar to France, to serve his sentence. The American Ambassador has been instructed to investigate his case, and see whether he has been lawfully and fairly dealt with.

The coroner's jury in the case of the girl found dead in that San Francisco church have rendered a verdict that she was murdered by young Durant, now under arrest. The people want to tear the church down as they consider it hoodooed. Some time ago its pastor killed a newspaper reporter and followed up the performance by blowing his own brains out, and a good many suspect the present pastor of having a hand in the killing of the two girls whose bodies were found in the tower.

A New York hatter says the men of the United States spend $800,000,000 a year in head-gear. If some one would now inform us how much American women spend in head-gear, we could form some idea of the part the head plays in our economic system.

Oil is slumping and getting back to a dead level again. But while the flurry was on it is said that the Standard Oil Trust scooped in a clear $50,000,000 by its manipulations.

The remarkable statement is made that when peace was negotiated between Japan and China, while Japan had 5,000 Chinese soldiers prisoners China had not one Japanese.

Having given beef and oil a turn the Trusts are now giving flour some attention. They boomed it ten cents a barrel the other day.

In the game of heads and taels with China, Japan came out with a bag full.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. D. BROWN—Special.
STATEMENT—Continental Ins. Co.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOUND—Keys.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Fair and slightly cooler weather is the local forecast for to-day.

— There will be a meeting of the Memorial Association this (Wednesday) afternoon at 4 o'clock.

— Marshal Carroll says there are 150 cases on the docket for the next term of the Federal Court to be held in Wilmington.

— The next attraction at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium will be a lecture on "Wife Hunting" by Capt. W. R. Kendrick, of Georgia.

— The letter of our Raleigh correspondent did not come to hand last night. And it was not the fault of the correspondent, either.

— Rev. Dr. Hoge, of this city, began his series of sermons in Charlotte yesterday, and will preach twice a day throughout the week.

— The British brig *James Brown* cleared yesterday for Mayaguez, P. R., with 246,063 feet lumber, value $3,958, shipped by E. Kidder's Son.

— The Greenville *Reflector* says Rev. Will. B. Oliver's sermon delivered there Friday night on "The Judgment" was one of great power and thought.

— The first shipment of English peas from Savannah was made last Friday, and the second shipment was made yesterday. This is 20 to 25 days behind last year.

— A blazing chimney at a residence on South Fifth street yesterday morning caused an alarm of fire to be sent in, much to the annoyance of members or the Fire Department.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mrs. Geo. R. French is in Charlotte visiting Mrs. John Wilkes.

— Mrs. T. C. James and little son have gone to Pittsboro to visit relatives.

— Dr. J. W. White, of Roseboro, N. C., is in the city on a visit to friends.

— Messrs. A. C. McFall and T. P. Rienerd, of Bennettsville, S. C., were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Maxwell, of the *Columbus News* of Whiteville, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Geo. K. Mayo, of Tillery, N. C., superintendent of the Tillery Lumber Mills, spent Sunday in the city visiting relatives.

—Chief Boatswain Mate Albert Prempert received a beautiful *ensignia* yesterday, to be used by him as a battalion officer of the Naval Reserves. It was a present from Commander F. Winslow and the note accompanying it said it was in appreciation of his valuable services rendered on the last cruise.

— Z. R. Folsom, Newbern; G. E. Songer, Jacksonville; W. H. White, Scotland Neck; E. W. Kerr, W. E. Jenkins, Jno. McDowell, Jr., D. M. Tedder, F. B. Lewis, W. P. Lewis, H. H. Rogers, North Carolina; C. A. Pendleton, Egypt; C. E. Norton, Sanford; Bruce Williams, Burgaw, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—8 bales cotton, 12 casks spirits turpentine, 66 bbls rosin, 42 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—1 bale cotton, 25 casks spirits turpentine, 32 bbls rosin, 51 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—12 casks spirits turpentine, 32 bbls rosin.

Steamer Daggett—2 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—5 casks spirits turpentine, 181 bbls rosin, 92 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—2 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 67 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

Schooner William—1 bale cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 75 bbls rosin, 45 bbls tar.

Schooner Nancy Ann—56 bbls rosin, 7 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 12 bales; spirits turpentine, 88 casks; rosin, 509 bbls; tar, 200 bbls; crude turpentine, 44 bbls.

WEDDED AT ST. JAMES

Miss Jean Wilder Cameron and Mr. Chas. Stedman Grainger.

St. James' Church was crowded yesterday evening with the beauty and fashion of the town, assembled to see the marriage of a handsome young couple—Miss Jean Wilder Cameron and Mr. Chas. S. Grainger—both of Wilmington. The ceremony took place at half-past six o'clock, Rev. Robert Strange, rector of the Parish, performing the ceremony. Miss Kate Whiting Walker was maid of honor, and Mr. Robert S. Collins best man. Miss Annie Lord, niece of the bride, and Master Victor Grainger, nephew of the groom, held the ribbons and preceded the bridal party up the main aisle of the church, as the wedding march was played by the organist, Mr. E. P. Boatwright. Mr. F. A. Lord gave the bride away, at the altar. The ushers were Messrs. D. F. Cronly, C. P. Bolles, Richard Bradley, Armand DeR. Myers. The happy couple left by the 7.30 train on the A. C. L. on their bridal tour.

ENTERTAINMENT TO-NIGHT.

The entertainment to-night at Abbie Chadbourn Hall should be taken in by all, as it is sure to be a success.

It will open with a curtain raiser—'A Matrimonial Advertisement"—the amusing solution to a quarrel between two lovers: "Miss Kittie Gray," Miss Bessie May Gibson; "Mr. Harry Andrews," Mr. C H. Robinson, Jr.

Part second will consist of music by the following artists: Piano duet, Messrs. Munson and Shoemaker; solo, Miss Mary Bridgers; solo, Miss Annie Adrian; whistling, Miss Osborn; duet, Miss Bridgers and Mr. Emerson; solo, Miss Schwars.

"Per Telephone" will close the evening. This is highly amusing, and depicts the dangers of courtship by telephone. The characters are cast as follows: "Mr. Guy Harling," Mr. E. T. Huggins; "Mr. Ned Austin," Mr. J. H. Arrington; "Miss Nan Cuzzin," Miss Anna McRee; "Miss Mary Halcome," Miss Bessie Wiggins; "Nora" (a servant) Miss Maggie Brown.

The performance will begin at half-past eight. Admission, adults, 50 cents; children, 25 cents.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Verdict for Defendant in the Case of Brown vs. Catawba River Lumber Co.—One of the Jno. C. Davis Cases on Trial.

The case of W. J. Brown vs. the Catawba River Lumber Co., on trial Monday evening when Court adjourned, was resumed yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, soon after the Court had assembled. The jury found a verdict for the defendant.

Junius Davis, receiver, vs. F. and H. Fries and Sam'l Bear, Sr. Judgment. An appeal was taken by defendant Bear.

J. D. Bellamy, Jr., vs. E. Haggett et al. Judgment for defendant.

Rufus W. Hicks vs. Davis S. Cowan. Judgment for defendant.

The case of J. T. Medlin and wife vs. Mary Buford et al.—one of the John C. Davis cases—was on trial when the Court adjourned at 6 p. m. until 10 a. m. this morning.

Crystal Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Rathjen celebrated their crystal wedding Monday night at their residence. A large number of invited guests were present, both ladies and gentlemen. The Howard Relief Engine Company, of which Mr. Rathjen has so long been the honored President, met at their hall on Fourth street and marched to his residence in a body. An elegant supper was served, and a general good time was had by all present. Toast making and singing were the special order of the evening, and many were the wishes and congratulations bestowed upon the happy couple

The Oil Market Weak.

The following will be read with as much general interest probably as any item of news printed in the STAR today:

PITTSBURG, April 23.—The life and activity seems to have gone out of the Oil market. Oil opened this morning at $1.95 bid and was offered at $1.98, down to $1.96, without any sales. The Standard again made a reduction in the price for credit balances of 15 cents, to $2.20. After 12 o'clock the market recovered some and closed at $2.10. There was no speculation on this Exchange and the sales on the Oil City Exchange only aggregated 75,000 barrels. The highest point reached was $2.11, and the lowest $1.96.

Drowned Near Hub.

The remains of Mr. Louis DeWaine, of Hub, N. C., millwright of the Butters Lumber Company, reached here yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. He was drowned in the river about three miles from Hub Sunday, while out sailing. Now one was with him, and how it happened is unknown. He was a sober, upright, quiet employe and was held in high esteem by the owners, being one of the best men they ever had. His remains were brought to Wilmington for interment in the Catholic Cemetery. The funeral services were conducted at the grave.

Mr. DeWaine was a French-Canadian, and came here about three years ago from Minnesota.

The pall bearers were Mr. Wm. Sheehan and Dr. T. B. Carroll, of this city, and Messrs. Jno. F. Traley and Jno. Leserge, of Hub, N. C.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., April 24.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 66°; 8 p. m., 64°; maximum, 81°; minimum, 59°; mean, 70°.

Rainfall for the day .65; rainfall for the month up to date 2.70 inches.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, generally fair; warmer near the coast; variable winds.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

Net receipts at the ports yesterday 11,569 bales.

Receipts here yesterday 12 bales; same day last year 14.

New York futures closed firm; sales 255,500 bales. April 6.87; May 6.89; June 6.79; July 6.88; August 6.87; September 6.90; October 6.94; November 6.98; December 7.09; January 7.07.

CORBETT AND FITZSIMMONS.

That Five Thousand Dollars for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight Which the Duval Club Did Not Put Up.

NEW YORK, April 22.—A new phase has developed in the preliminary arrangements for the proposed pugilistic battle between James J. Corbett and Robert Fitzsimmons for the heavy weight championship of the world, purse of $41,000 and stake of $20,000. At a meeting at the St. James Hotel yesterday, Fitzsimmons posted with the stakeholders the remaining $5,000 of his side of the stake money, and then received from Joseph Vendig, manager of the Florida Athletic Club, Jacksonville, a check for $1,000 promised him for training expenses.

After the transaction was completed according to Fitzsimmons' statement, he inquired of Vendig as to what date had been set for the fight. No definite reply was given by the Florida manager to this query, and he was then asked what the club intended to do with its $5,000 forfeit if it failed to bring off the match. Vendig replied that the club had never agreed to forfeit $5,000 if it failed to bring the fight off.

A hot dispute followed, in which it was developed that the five hundred dollars forfeit money mentioned in the articles of agreement had never been deposited by the club with the final stakeholder. Vendig, however, made a proposition to the effect that if he was allowed Texas and Colorado as a battle ground in addition to Florida he would post the five thousand dollars forfeit money to be divided between Corbett and Fitzsimmons in the event of failure to bring off the fight

This was emphatically refused by Fitzsimmons, who said last night: "Vendig then said he would agree to call the fight off so far as the Florida Athletic Club is concerned and forfeit the $2,000 training money paid Corbett and myself if I would give him a release from further responsibility in the matter, but I refused to accept this proposition. I told him I would hold him and the Florida Athletic Club to the agreement he signed. He then asked me if he started a club in another State and agreed to allow the $5,000 forfeit to stand if I would fight Corbett in the arena of that organization for a purse of $5,000. I told him I would do nothing of the kind, but promised if his bid was as high as that of any other rival club I would give the club he represented the preference if he secured Corbett's consent, but I would nevertheless hold him to the articles he signed for the Florida club so far as the disputed $5,000 is concerned."

Vendig could not be seen yesterday.

WILMINGTON DEALERS INTERESTED.

Under Judge Goff's Order Liquor May Be Sent to South Carolina.

Referring to the recent order of Judge Goff, of the U. S. Circuit Court, the Columbia *State* says:

"The text of Judge Goff's decision in the dispensary case shows it to be of the most sweeping character. Until the further order of the court, there can be no interference with the agents or employes of common carriers engaged in interstate commerce 'while transporting, holding or delivering articles of commerce brought by common carriers into the State,' or 'interfering in any manner whatsoever with articles of commerce so brought into the State whilst in the hands of the consignees thereof.' Under this injunction any one can bring liquors in any quantity into the State and hold them securely. If any officer of State, county or municipality interferes with such liquors in transit or in the hands of agents or purchasers he will go to jail for contempt of court. The next ten days ought to break the record for importations."

NAVAL BATTALION MEETING

To be Held in Newbern To-day—Important Business to be Considered.

Newbern *Journal:* A meeting of all the commissioned officers of the Naval Battalion and the battalion petty staff will meet in Newbern to-day to transact important business. Matters pertaining to this Summer's cruise will be one of the interesting matters that are to be considered.

A great deal of interest is felt in the cruise this year, which is most likely to be on the *Raleigh*. There are now a larger number of divisions than heretofore. They are to be found in Newbern, Wilmington, Charlotte, (these are the three oldest), Kinston, Morehead City and Elizabeth City. The three last have been organized quite recently. The one at Beaufort has not effected organization as yet, but there is very good probability that it will do so in the near future.

While the battalion officers are here the Newbern division will be inspected in artillery by Lieut. Morton, of Wilmington.

The officers composing the battalion organization, which meets to-day, are ten staff battalion officers, eight petty staff officers and eighteen division commissioned officers.

JOHN L. SAVES A LIFE.

He Tears the Clothing From a Woman in Flames and Probably Saves Her Life.

BOSTON, MASS., April 21, 1895.—John L. Sullivan was badly burned in rescuing a woman from fire in Dover street to-night. A kettle of fat upset and caught fire in the kitchen of No. 51 Dover street. Margaret Donnelly, the cook, was spattered with the contents and her clothing caught fire.

Sullivan was in one of the upper rooms of the house, and, hearing the woman's screams, he ran to the kitchen. He started in to extinguish the flames on the burning servant with his hands.

When the clothing had been either torn or burned from her body he realized that his hands were badly burned. He accomplished his task, however, and probably saved the woman's life.

The police were notified and the woman was taken to the City Hospital, where she lies in a precarious condition.

Sullivan asked the police not to mention the incident, as he did not care to have it get into the newspapers.

Steam Yacht Gladys.

The steam yacht *Gladys* from Jacksonville, Fla., for New York, arrived here Monday afternoon last in distress. Last Sunday night, thirty miles north of Cape Romain, S. C., her boiler broke down. It was deemed unsafe to hoist sail on the yacht because of the high seas, and so she drifted until Monday morning. Near Frying-pan lightship she was encountered by a tug from Southport and towed into that port and thence up to Wilmington. The necessary repairs to the *Gladys'* boiler will be made here and she will await orders from the owners. Capt. Reuben Willis, coast pilot of Norfolk, Va., is in charge of the yacht and Mr. John J. Chambers, formerly of this city, is engineer.

COTTON OUTLOOK.

MR. JOHN H. INMAN GIVES HIS VIEWS ON THE SITUATION.

Says He is not a Manipulator, but Buys and Sells on His Judgment—Looks for Higher Prices and a Crop not Exceeding 7,550,000 Bales.

A New York correspondent of the Atlanta *Constitution* telegraphs that paper as follows:

Your correspondent to-day had a short talk with Mr. John H. Inman about cotton. He believes in higher prices for cotton and does not hesitate to say so. He is looked upon here as one of the most successful manipulators of the cotton market in the world. He is keeping all hands nervous by his presence on the floor of the Cotton Exchange and he is generally credited with engineering the big rise in May cotton. Inman, Swan & Co. are supposed to hold more spot cotton than any other brokerage house. Mr. Inman is generally regarded as the strongest man on the exchange. However, he denies that he has anything to do with the manipulation of the market. He said to the *Constitution's* correspondent to-day:

"I simply exercise my judgment about when cotton is a good sale or a good purchase. I have studied the question a long time, and when my judgment is fully made up I act promptly and generally quite boldly. I always make up my mind on the conditions surrounding the market; I have nothing to do with the manipulation. The cotton market will run over any man or any combination of men who are on the wrong side. There can be a combination to either bull or bear cotton when the conditions surrounding favor, but when the conditions point one way and the combination another, the combination generally suffers."

LOOKS FOR HIGHER PRICES.

"Then you think this year's crop of cotton will bring better prices than last year's?"

"I undoubtedly do, and I would advise all the farmers in Georgia to act on that idea and make all the cotton they can this year. I think it is mainly a question of how much above 7 cents it will go now in this market. There has been a tremendous rush from all over the country to sell cotton on this advance, and my private information is that there is less cotton all over the interior than there has been for several years, and that two or three weeks hence the interior will be practically exhausted of cotton."

He says that in his experience of thirty years he has never known the position of cotton to be so strong when the present low price is taken into consideration.

"The price of cotton," he continued, "has advanced nearly 1¾ cents, and a moderate reaction would not surprise me, but if the market should sell off 15 or 20 points I am strongly of the opinion that liberal purchases on that basis would show very handsome profits. Just at the moment very much depends upon the situation in Texas, which State makes about one-third of the entire crop. There is a protracted drought existing there, which, if it should continue for three or four weeks, would cause the market to go to 8 cents between now and October 1st. If there should be general rains in Texas within the next ten days, that will cause the market to sell off 15 or 20 points, at which price it will do to buy. By general rains I do not mean showers, but steady and heavy rains, aggregating two to three inches rainfall, so the ground can become thoroughly moistened.

PLANTING IS BACKWARD.

"Preparations for planting the next crop are very backward this year, and as the planting must be completed by May 1st, at least the situation in this respect is far from encouraging. The main strength in cotton lies in the inability of the South to make the next cotton crop equal to the last under any conditions. Can this be done? The acreage of the 1893-'94 crop and that of 1894-'95 were about the same, and still the crops of the two seasons show a difference of 2,000,000 to 2,200,000 bales in favor of the latter. The great difference is wholly attributable to the phenomenal season of 1894-'95, the like of which was never before known, and is not again likely to be repeated. Assuming, then, that the acreage this year will be the same as the last two years, I am of the opinion that the next crop cannot under any conditions exceed that of 1893-'94, which was 7,550,000 bales.

"As regards the condition of the planters, I may state that they are so greatly discouraged that their mental and physical condition is much run down. Their stock is not in such good condition as last year, and owing to their distressing financial situation, the shipments of mules for farming purposes to the South this year will not exceed 2,000, whereas the shipments last year were 30,000. Regarding the consumption of fertilizers, I do not attach much importance to this matter.

MANCHESTER STOCKS ARE SMALL.

"American spinners have stocked up very largely, and are in good condition in this respect. Continental spinners have followed in a measure, and are still buying large amounts of cotton. But at Manchester the stocks held by spinners are small, while at Liverpool there is an average stock, which, however, does not belong to English spinners, but it controlled to a considerable extent by people who have bought for investment. With the rise in silver and prospects of an early termination of hostilities between China and Japan, Manchester will not hesitate to supply herself more freely with cotton.

"The New York market has been below the other markets in price since the beginning of the season, and there has been no time when cotton could be delivered to us at less than ¼@⅜c per pound loss, and that condition in a measure still exists. The Southern markets have advanced as rapidly as we have, and therefore there is not likely to be any great pressure of actual cotton in the market unless New York prices are worked to a higher level. We have had already an advance of ⅝ to ¾c, and it is quite natural that we should have a moderate reaction, but I believe that those who buy on the reactions around present prices will in the long run reap handsome profits."

Prices for Truck.

Latest New York quotations: Strawberries, fancy refrigerators 40 to 50 cents, others 20 to 35 cents. Asparagus, colossal $5 to $6; others $3 to $5. Beets, Florida, crates $2 to $3. String beans, wax $2 to $2.50; green $1.25 to $1.75. Squash $2 to $2.50. Green peas, Savannah $5 to $6, Florida $2 to $3. Celery $1 to $1.50 a dozen roots. Cabbage $4 to $5.50. Cukes $6 to $10. Lettuce $3 to $4 per barrel. Potatoes $6 to $8.

In Philadelphia, asparagus 20 to 30 cents per bunch. Peas $5 per basket. Strawberries 40 to 50 cents.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

TROUBLE WITH BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

Republican Primaries—The Supreme Court Will Probably Decide the Western Criminal Court Contest To-day—Illicit Distillers Captured.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 23.—The contest for the judgeship of the Western Criminal Court, between Judges Jones and Ewart, will probably come before the Supreme Court to-morrow.

Governor Carr to day appointed Thomas Taylor, of Townsville, commissioner to assist the two commissioners appointed yesterday to represent North Carolina in the commission to locate the boundary line between this State and Virginia.

Two brothers named Harp, captured near Kinston by internal revenue officials, charged with illicit distilling, were brought here to-day, and after examination before a United States Commissioner were released on $200 bond each.

The marriage of Miss Mary Snow to Chas. Baskerville, will take place at Christ Church to-morrow.

J. P. Garrison, F. W. Fetzer and C. A. Haigler, of Abbeville, S. C., local grievance committee of the Brotherhood on the G., C. & N. division of the Seaboard Railway, arrived this afternoon and had two hours' conference with W. T. Reed, Superintendent of Motive Power. They say there was a misunderstanding about taking off a Western man, and also say the conference was entirely satisfactory. Engineer J. W. Yates, of the same division, came with them. It is said he was discharged and the committee came to have him reinstated. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers had a called meeting to-night. There was a large attendance. They refuse to state the object of the meeting. Sunday a meeting of every branch of the Brotherhood in the Seaboard system will be held and every Brotherhood engineer will be present.

Republican primaries held to-night were largely attended. A. E. Johnson, a colored lawyer and alderman, was waylayed by a negro named Upperman, while on his way to the primaries. His injuries are not serious.

An anonymous placard placed on the door of the Seaboard shops by unknown persons created a sensation. It reads as follows: "To protect Southern labor. Those desiring to join the club, which meets to-night put three pins on left lappel of coat. Wear them three days, and he will then be waited on. [Signed] ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY MEN."

MARRIED.

WESTCOTT—STRICKLAND.—In this city last night at 8 o'clock, by Rev. Dr. Carmichael, Mr. WM. T. WESTCOTT and Miss NANCY STRICKLAND.

DIED.

PRICE.—On 23d inst., at 2 o'clock, Mrs. SARAH J. PRICE, wife of R. A. Price, in her 73d year.

Funeral from St. Thomas' Catholic Church at 10 o'clock this morning. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Statement

SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE CONTINENTAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

December 31, 1894.

ASSETS.

Value of Real Estate and ground rents owned by the Company, (less the amount of encumbrances thereon)		$128,750 00
Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded and being the first liens on the fee-simple)		825,360 00
Account of stocks and bonds of the United States, and of this and other States, also all other stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the Company		1,567,981 00
Stocks, bonds and all other securities (except mortgage,) hypothecated to the Company as collateral security for cash actually loaned by the Company		7,500 00
Cash in Company's principal office and belonging to the Company, deposited in Bank		215,134 81
Premiums or assessments unpaid		225,621 98
Premium or assessment loans and notes		2,325 00
Total Assets		$3,972,632 79

LIABILITIES

Losses unpaid, including those resisted	$194,698 00
Reserve, as required by Law	1,379,581 10
All other claims	54,000 00
Total Liabilities	$1,628,223 10
Capital Stock paid up	$1,000,000 00
Total Income	1,793,585 06
Total Expenditures	1,621,930 04

NORTH CAROLINA BUSINESS IN 1894.

Risks written	$304,100 00
Losses paid on risks taken	134 98
Losses incurred	84 98

President—J. D. Brown.
Secretary—C. K. Burt.
General Agent—JOHN WILDER ATKINSON, Wilmington.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, OFFICE SECRETARY OF STATE, INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

SEAL. In compliance with Sec. 9 of "An Act to consolidate the Insurance Laws of North Carolina," I certify that the above is a true extract from the sworn statement of the Continental Fire Insurance Company, on December 31st, 1894, now on file in this Department.

OCT. COKE, Secretary of State.

ap24 1t

House and Shop.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop on northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR.

ap 23 3t

Notice to Truckers.

THERE is no need in your sending! away from home to buy the packages to put your various kinds of Truck in. We are making up everything in the way of a

Truck Package

As low a price as they can be bought anywhere. Come up and see our

Potato Barrel.

Over 500,000 were sold last season to the farmers of Virginia. Special inducements made to parties who will use our SPIRIT CASKS.

Telephone No. 87. R. M. NIMOCKS, Wilmington, N. C.

march 23 1m

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash paid on improved city real estate

june 24 tf

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old news papers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT CUT IN Dry Goods —AT— KATZ & POLVOGT,

Cash House,

116 Market Street,

Over 200 pieces of New Dress Goods opened this week.
20c Satines, dark grounds, figured, our price 10c.
15 and 18c Zephyr, Chambrays and Ginghams, choice patterns, our price 8c a yard.
15c figured Dimities only 10c.
$1.98 a beautiful Embroidered Spring Cape, in three colors, worth $5.00.
At 7½c best 4 4 lines Sheeting, limited 10 yards, elsewhere 10 cents.
At 19c best 10-4 Sheeting, elsewhere 30c.
At 10c Galatea Cloth and Ducks, elsewhere 15c.
At 37½c best quality Wash Silks, elsewhere 50c.
At 19c Cheviots and fancy weaves double width Dress Goods, elsewhere 30c.
At 39c 40-inch all-wool Cheviots, elsewhere 65c.
At 39c 40 inch all-wool Storm Serge, elsewhere 60c.
At 62c Mourning Henrietta, Silk-finish, 46-inch wide, elsewhere $1.00.
At 69c Fancy Black Crepon, also a line of colors, elsewhere $1.00.
At 98c Extra size Horectol Spreads, elsewhere $1.50.
At $2.25 Extra Fine Marseilles Spreads, elsewhere $4.00.
At 10c Lonsdale Cambric, first quality, sold elsewhere for 15c.

Great Special in Laces.

100 pieces just received in points venesse, points black and white at prices astonishing to all.
Do not fail to examine this line.

Corsets.

$1.50 W. B. Corsets for $1.00.
R. & G. Corsets for 75c.
$2.50 W. B. Corsets for $1.75.

Kid Gloves.

Treffousse Kid, the best in the world.
$1.25 quality this week 98c.
$1.75 quality this week $1.50.
$1.50 Pearl, Gray, Black stitching. Kid Gloves this week at 1.50.
1,000 yards Edges and Insertions worth 30 to 40c, this week only 19c.

Umbrellas and Parasols.

White Duck Parasols 98c.
$2.50 Black Silk 26 and 28-inch Umbrellas, choice natural wood sticks, our price $1.25.

Children's Caps at Half Price.

$1.50 Silk Caps for 75c.
95 " " " 39c.
1.00 " " " 50c.

Center counter devoted to the sale of Wash Fabrics.
Special prices to-day.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street,

Given Away

With every new No. 9 WHEELER & WILSON Sewing Machine, a complete new set of Attachments.

THE NEW NO. 9

Wheeler & Wilson

Sewing Machine has just been placed on the market. Its mechanism is perfect. It will not get out of order, and a child can operate it with ease.

Special inducements in the price of these machines for the ensuing two weeks.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street.

Graham G. Watts,
Manager Machine Department.

Drop a postal card when you wish your machine repaired. An expert machinist looks after this department.

ap 21 tf

NOTICE!

C. B. ROUSS et al., vs. DAVIS & ZOELLER. } Superior Court, New Hanover Co.

By direction of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, all creditors of the late firm

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year. 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements a dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1895

MORE CIRCULATION NEEDED.

There is to be a "sound" money convention held at Memphis, Tenn., on the 23rd of May, which is to be the starter for the organization of sound money leagues in all the Southern States, similar to the one organized in Chicago a few days ago. It is said that it will be composed of delegates from all the Southern States.

The object of this convention is, as we have stated, to begin the work of organizing sound money leagues in the Southern States and start the "campaign of education" on the financial question to check the spread of the silver coinage "craze," as the anti-silver men call it, and keep the South straight on the "sound" money question. It is understood that this convention is to be non-partisan, differing in this respect from the meeting which was held in Chicago, in which Democrats only were permitted to participate, but it will be pretty safe to say that while it may be non-partisan, that it will be composed mainly, if not altogether, of Democrats, for the Republicans of the South are not going at this stage of the proceedings to commit themselves to anything that Democrats may say on the financial question and it is even safer to say that the Populist party will have no represetatives in that body. It is said that the scheme has the endorsement of President Cleveland and of at least four members of the Cabinet, that the President will write a letter to be read on the open of the convention and that the principal speaker will be Secretary Carlisle.

A significant and perhaps the most significant feature of the scheme is that it recognizes the fact that more circulation is needed in the South, to secure which a reform in the banking system on safe and conservative grounds will be favored. This it is understood has the endorsement of the President and of others who have been active in calling this convention and in trying to stem the free silver tide, which they say has been too long permitted to run its course without hindrance. It is now beginning to be conceded that there is too little currency in the South, and that under the present banking system but few facilities are offered for adding to it. It cannot be done through national banks, for with the premiums which U. S. bonds command and the 90 per cent. issue of notes on bonds deposited a national bank takes to start it more money out of a community than it brings into it.

The sentiment for the free coinage of silver has spread and become strong in the South, not because people are uncompromisingly attached to silver, but because having failed to secure the repeal of the State bank tax, which would have opened the way for the establishment of State banks, they have turned to the free coinage of silver as the only way left for securing the desired and needed increase in the volume of the currency.

It is proposed now to remove this difficulty by favoring a change in the banking system which will enable the banks to supply a much larger volume of currency than can be supplied under the present system. What this reform is to be is not stated nor intimated, and it is not easy to conjecture, but it will probably be on the line of letting national banks issue notes to the full face or perhaps marketable value of bonds deposited, as had been already suggested and strongly urged.

This reminds us that when Congress was convened in extra session to repeal the Sherman act, the STAR urged Southern and Western Congressmen to get together and insist upon the repeal of the bank tax as a condition of support of the repeal measure. We insisted then and frequently since that the way out of the silver perplexity was through State banks, the establishment of which would put it in the power of the people of the States which needed more currency than they had to supply it themselves, which would remove the incentive to further agitation of the free coinage of silver and relegate that question so that it would cease to be an issue outside of the silver producing States, where it could do little harm. The Democratic platform of 1892 recommended the repeal of the bank tax, the people of the South took the recommendation as a pledge that the tax would be repealed, and the silver issue was lost sight of in that campaign. If the recommendation had been carried out Democratic statesmen would not now be puzzling their wits to check the free silver "craze," nor find it necessary to be establishing sound money leagues, or to be inaugurating campaigns of education to instruct the people on the question of sound money. With State banks there would not be free silver men enough in the South to make a respectable showing at the polls, for the Southern people could with their own banks and the other ways of supply have all the money they needed and be wisely willing to let well enough alone.

Whatever the disposition of the promoters of this Memphis convention may be towards State banks there is little probability of securing them now, for the next Congress will be Republican in one branch and anti-Democratic in the other, and State banks would stand no show in either, although there is a reasonably fair prospect of the passage of a bill permitting an increase in the circulation of national banks on the lines stated above. While this would not meet the needs of the South as State banks would, still it would ease up the strain very much, especially if provision were made in the suggested reform by which national banks could lend money on real estate and other good security, thus making them more serviceable to the people generally than they now are.

All this, however, is a mere hope held out without any assurance that it will be realized, and there is little probability that under the circumstances it will have the effect intended.

MINOR MENTION.

President Cleveland declines to be held responsible for the views expressed by Secretary Morton in the recently published interview on the money question, and Secretary Morton says that he spoke in the interview only for himself, and that he alone is responsible for his utterances. It has been one of the characteristics of Mr. Cleveland that when he has anything to say on any public question, he says it directly and plainly and not by proxy, but when a member of the Cabinet speaks on a public question on which public attention is as much riveted as it is on the money question, one of such vital importance that every one is more or less interested in it, the inference of many would be that he spoke not only for himself, but for those also with whom he was so closely officially related. The presumption is that the President and his Cabinet discuss questions on which the party which they represent must take a definite position, and the member of the Cabinet who ventilates his own views through the medium of the newspapers, regardless of the fact whether they agree or disagree with those held by his associates, does them injustice by either placing them in a false position or putting them to the necessity of endorsing or repudiating those views. Of course a member of the Cabinet is entitled to his opinions and to full liberty of expressing them when, where and in any manner he sees fit, but when he does so it should be distinctly understood that he does so as an individual, and even then it is a question whether on questions upon which the party to which he belongs is greatly divided silence wouldn't be the more discreet course to pursue in advance of the conventions before which such matters come in the regular course.

* * *

In view of the orders issued by Judge Goff, of the U. S. Circuit Court, restraining the State authorities of South Carolina from holding an election for delegates to a State Constitutional Convention, the question might be asked whether any State in the South has a constitutional, "Republican form of government." This decision goes back to 1882 and declares that the registration act passed in that year was unconstitutional, which, if true, invalidates everything done under those laws and disqualifies every man holding position under them. Logically the State of South Carolina has no government at all, no Governor, no Judges, no State, county, or municipal officers, no members in the Federal House of Representatives and no United States Senators, and this being the case there is no way provided by which the State can hold an election, for there is no one duly qualified to call it. That's what this decision means, if the opinion of this Judge be sustained. We have no sympathy with the faction which is now running the State of South Carolina, but this invoking of the Federal arm in the affairs of a State is inviting a despotism and making a State a mere province instead of a sovereignty. Kolb is trying to play the same game in Alabama, there has been talk of trying it in Mississippi, it has been hinted at more than once in North Carolina, and there is not a Southern State in which the disappointed faction might not invoke Federal interference, and plead the unconstitutionality of the election laws or something else to justify it, and give them a better showing for the spoils. We don't like this thing, and the fact that in South Carolina the squabble is between two factions calling themselves Democrats doesn't make it any the more tolerable.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The telegraphic columns of the newspapers are now almost free from mention of labor troubles. There appears to be less conflict between employers and employes than has been the case since Cleveland's first term. And conditions are getting better daily.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— Bet a balafatollah Great Britain would not try any of her blockade games for collecting a money demand from France, Germany, the United States, or even Brazil or Chili. She plays the domineering bully with little Nicaragua because it is quite safe to do so.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— Russia lost nothing by the example set by Japan. At the very first intimation of the demand upon China for territory, she had begun to concentrate troops at Vladivostock for use in modifying the terms of the treaty. We may yet have a demonstration made of the relative fighting qualities of Europcan and Asiatic troops under modern tactics and with modern weapons.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Salisbury *Herald*: Whit Ferron the negro who so brutally murdered Depnty H. C. Owens, is at last lodged in the jail here. No one except the jailer and his attendants are permitted to see him.

— Roxboro *Courier*: The many friends, not only in Person county but throughout the entire State, will learn with much sadness the death of Mr. J.T. Strayhorn, which occurred at his residence yesterday evening.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. Alexander Haney died at Mt. Holly, Friday, from a peculiar cause. Last Monday he strained his back in lifting a heavy cross tie, and from this injury he suffered intensely until Friday, when death relieved him.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: The locust pin factory has begun operations and it turns out the pins in a hurry. The workmen tell us that they will make about six thousand per day. They have a lot of unmanufactured pins on hand now—perhaps over 150,000.

— Hillsboro *Observer*: One day last week a countryman sold a hen in town and by some means the hen got loose and flew up between Rosemond's and the Hillsboro Exchange, and while up in the air the hen dropped an egg. Charlie Bell, Rosemond's driver, who happened to be standing near by, caught the egg before it struck the ground.

— Rutherford *Democrat*: The bones of the poor woman and child murdered by Hoke Secrest, with the fragment of their clothing and other evidences of the awful crime, which have been in the possession of the Clerk of the Court of McDowell county for nearly twenty years, have been brought here to the Clerk of our Superior Court for use in the trial of Secrest, which will be held at the term of the Superior Court which begins Monday week. These silent witnesses of one of the most horrible murders in the annals of crime will be produced on the trial.

— Winston *Sentinel*: It was learned here to-day that a woman of questionable character and a negro were arrested in Greensboro a few days ago, on some evidence obtained by the police of that city, implicating them in the murder of Sam Tatum, the crippled white man who was stabbed to death some time ago. The evidence obtained by the officers indicates that the deceased was murdered at the home of the woman, and afterwards carried to his room, where he was found dead.

— Lincolnton *Courier*: Rev. F. J. Hoke, of Lincolnton, who has been engaged in teaching for several years, brought to our office this week one of the most complete pieces of mechanism that we have ever seen. It is an adding machine. It is very simple in construction, consisting of just three pieces. With this the process of addition can be carried on without a mistake, it makes no difference what the amount may be. Mr. Hoke wants to apply for a patent, and would be glad to form the acquaintance of some man who can help him a little in his undertaking.

— Subscribers to the American Encyclopædic Dictionary are reminded that they can have the 49 parts bound in four volumes in the best law sheep, for $3.00 per volume, by sending them to the STAR office.

Right Arm Paralyzed!

Saved from St. Vitus Dance.

"Our daughter, Blanche, now fifteen years of age, had been terribly afflicted with nervousness, and had lost the entire use of her right arm. We feared St. Vitus dance, and tried the best physicians, with no benefit. She has taken three bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine and has gained 31 pounds. Her nervousness and symptoms of St. Vitus dance are entirely gone, she attends school regularly, and has recovered complete use of her arm, her appetite is splendid."

MRS. E. R. BULLOCK, Brighton, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it as at, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pain Pills Sold by all Druggists. june 15 1y D&W fri su we change dadly.

THE PLAY.

Lo! 'tis a gala night
Within the lonesome latter years!
An angel throng, bewinged, bedight
In veils and drowned in tears,
Sit in a theater to see
A play of hopes and fears,
While the orchestra breathes fitfully
The music of the spheres.

Mimes, in the form of God on high,
Mutter and mumble low
And hither and thither fly.
Mere puppets they, who come and go
At bidding of vast, formless things
That shift the scenery to and fro,
Flapping from out their condor wings
Invisible woe!

That motley drama! Oh, be sure
It shall not be forgot!
With its phantom chased forevermore
By a crowd that seize it not,
Through a circle that ever returneth in
To the selfsame spot,
And much of madness and more of sin
And horror, the soul of the plot.

But see, amid the mimic rout,
A crawling shape intrude!
A blood red thing that writhes from out
The scenic solitude!
It writhes—it writhes with mortal pangs!
The mimes become its food,
And the seraphs sob at vermin fangs
In human gore imbrued.

Out, out are the lights; out all!
And over each quivering form
The curtain, a funeral pall,
Comes down with the rush of a storm,
And the angels, all pallid and wan,
Uprising, unveiling, affirm
That the play is the tragedy "Man,"
And its hero the conqueror, worm.
—Edgar Allan Poe.

BY PHILLIPS BROOKS.

[The following poem, never before published, was found in one of Phillips Brooks' early notebooks, in which he jotted down thoughts and memoranda.—Boston Transcript.]

Along the noisy city ways
And in this rattling city car,
On this the dreariest of days,
Perplexed with business fret and jar,

When suddenly a young, sweet face
Looked on me; pensiveness and pain
And lent it something of its grace
And charmed it into peace again.

The day was just as bleak without,
My neighbors just as cold within,
And truth was just as full of doubt,
The world was just as full of sin.

But in the light of that young smile
The world grew pure, the heart grew warm,
And sunshine gleamed a little while
Across the darkness of the storm.

I did not care to seek her name.
I only said "God bless thy life,
Thy sweet young grace be still the same,
Or happy maid or happy wife."
—P. B.
1888.

GRANDMOTHER.

She Does Not Keep Pace With the Advance of Medical Science.

We all know just what adorable creatures all grandmothers are, and how they cannot do enough for the little ones belonging to their sons and daughters. Now, without wishing to appear ungrateful for these attentions, there are some mothers who think themselves quite capable of caring for their own babies, and the continual and persistent contrary opinion of grandma becomes after a time vexatious rather than helpful.

Even though grandma has brought up a dozen children, and this is her daughter's very first experience in that line, it is just as well not to give overliberal doses of advice, nor is it good policy to empty out the medicine the doctor prescribes for baby's cough and substitute sirup of squills, because sirup of squills was all that the youngsters of another generation were dosed with.

The latter medicine may be regarded by grandma as the most perfect cough remedy in existence, but the prescribed drops or pellets may be quite as effective, and it is but natural that the young mother and the physician in charge should feel a bit annoyed at the assumption of superior knowledge, however well founded it may be.

Babies need as varied treatment as plants do. What may have answered splendidly for grandma's dozen might prove quite the reverse of beneficial for the fin de siecle youngster, and even though a baby is a novelty to the young mother nature will be her best teacher as to its wants and cares. Grandma must remember that she had to be initiated in her superior baby training before she could pose as an oracle, and would she have been pleased to have had her authority wrenched from her by a wiser somebody who scorned her methods and ridiculed her lack of wisdom?

When the young mother asks for advice, it is time enough to give it to her. She is certain to do so and will appreciate most kindly the valuable hints the more experienced mother can give her, but her feelings will be quite the reverse if advice is thrust upon her and the care of her own precious baby taken peremptorily out of her hands.—Louisville Post.

How the Money Goes.

It is unsafe to allow any ordinary woman to enter a store with money. She has such a craving for luxuries, such a contempt for mere necessities, that she almost invariably purchases the former and is constantly in need of the latter. She goes forth to purchase an opera bonnet because she is going to the opera that very night, but her eye is caught by a tea gown, a bargain tea gown, and she buys it. That night some man seated behind a Gainesborough with many plumes swears. She goes out to buy a jacket, needing one sorely, but her erratic fancy is caught by lace trimmed underwear, and before she realizes it she is reveling in new nightgowns and corset covers. She has even been known to go out to buy writing paper and to return with nothing but a blue and white cup and saucer.—Philadelphia Times.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 189 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

TWINKLINGS

— "De can'date dat gits defeated," said Uncle Eben, "am mighty hard to convince dat de world am progressin' in enlightenment."—*Washington Star.*

— "Tell me the worst," said the candidate's wife.

"I was defeated by 18,000 votes."

"There! Didn't I always tell you 18 was an unlucky number?"—*Washington Star.*

— Mr. Pedagogs—Benny Bloobumber, how do we know that the moon is 240,000 miles distant from the earth?

Benny (alarmed at the teacher's manner)—Y-y-you said so, yourself, sir.—*Puck.*

— "I'd like to find out how I have offended Harry."

Madge—Hasn't he called this week?

"Yes, but he only bid me good night six times last night."—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

— "Say, Tuffnutte, how did this story get started about you being a trimmer in politics?" "Oh, that was just a little joke. It was founded on my cutting off old man Jackson's ear at the primary last month."—*Cincinnati Tribune.*

"IF I DIDN'T FORGET HOW OLD I WAS."

If I didn't forget how old I was,
Do you think I'd act like I often does?
Do you think I'd swing on the front yard gate,
If I could remember that I was eight?

If I didn't forget how soon I'd grow
To be a big man like Uncle Joe,
Do you think my pa would have to scold
'Cos I didn't do what I was told?

Do you think I'd set my ma so wild,
An act so much like a little child,
If I didn't forget I was half past eight?
An would Miss Brown have to keep me late?

Miss Brown said I was "a little fiend,"
An I didn't know what the old thing meaned,
But she said 'twas becus I played so rough,
An it made my ma just cry—sure 'nough.

If I didn't forget, do you s'pose that I
Would ever act so's to make her cry?
An don't you s'pose I'd behave just fine
If I didn't forget I was going on nine?

If I could remember, do you suppose
I wouldn't take care of my Sunday clo'es?
An would I get mad at my cousin Ben
Without getting right away good again?

Pa says he believes I was just born bad,
An Uncle Joe says that I'm "like my dad,"
An Aunt Lou says she don't s'pposes
I'll ever be better, but ma—she knows,
An she hugs me close with a kiss, becus
She says, "I forgot how old I was."
—J. Edmund V. Cooke in Youth's Companion.

County and Country Crop.

For, say, 50 years the fashion of the wearing men's and boy's hair in England has been to cut it shorter and shorter, so that today hair is shorn in many cases as close as the barber's shears can get. A closely cropped head, 50 years and less ago, was in country places looked upon with some suspicion, for then only prison birds just out of durance appeared with closely shorn heads, and this cut was popularly known as the "county crop," indicating that the wearer of the short hair had been barbered at the expense of the county.

If any man was bold enough to appear with his hair cut short, the words "county crop" were thrown at him from all sides, and in the same manner the school lad who came to school with his hair cut shorter than was the country fashion had his life made miserable in the same way, until such time as his hair had grown again. The "country crop" was a different matter altogether.

Barbers' work was done on men and boys in many instances at home by mothers and grandmothers, and their mode was to put a large basin well back on the crown of the head and then shear round the edge of the basin, making a clean sweep of all the hair which projected below it. This was the "country crop."—Notes and Queries.

Troubles on a Tenement Street.

Improvidence works sad havoc with the family exchequer, and the havoc, cruelly enough, is as great when caused by inculpable ignorance as by wanton extravagance. Wasteful cooking, buying on installments, mortgaging furniture at exorbitant rates and other equally disastrous practices are far too common. When John Gorman of No. 40 died, his wife received a $400 death benefit. She indulged in the luxury of a $110 funeral and within a year was in want.

Overproduction of children is another source of trouble. Whether the children live or whether they die, they are about equally expensive. The more desperate the family circumstances the faster the children come. And yet nature seems to smile on this form of improvidence in the long run. Children are transformed to breadwinners by time. Thus the family, dragged down at first by its surplus of children, is often exalted by this very thing at the end. Comfortable old age comes quite as often to the heads of the large families as to the childless couples, since the latter have no breadwinners to call on when they themselves cease to win bread.—Forum.

A Self Possessed Actress.

During a matinee performance of "M. Alphonse" at the Odeon theater Mme. Tessandier brought down the house by an amusing gag which was called forth by the impudent action of a man in the gallery. The actress was uttering the words, "I am off to Nice," when an orange thrown from the highest seats in the house fell at her feet. Those who were on the stage with Mme. Tessandier drew back, evidently in fear of a further discharge of fruit missiles, but the actress coolly stooped down, picked up the orange and added to her last phrase the words, "And here is something with which to refresh myself during the journey." Everybody in the house aplauded lustily, and the performance proceeded.—London Telegraph.

Disgusted.

When the tall man slipped in front of the drug store and lay there apparently in a faint, a crowd quickly gathered.

Everybody with advice on hand took it out and proffered it.

Then a man ran hastily into the drug store, as hastily reappeared with a glass in his hand and kneeled down by the fallen stranger.

"What is it?" whispered the stranger feebly lifting his head.

"Water," said the man with the glass.

The fallen stranger rose to his feet and stalked indignantly away.

"This is a one horse town anyway," he hissed between his set teeth—between his two sets of teeth, in fact.—Rockland Tribune.

A Foreboding.

"Mandy," said Farmer Corntossel, who had been thoughtfully gazing into the fire for a long time, "they's jes' one thing I want ye ter promise me."

"Whut's that, Josiar?"

"When ye git ter be a 'mancipated woman"—

"But, Josiar, I don't wanter be no 'mancipated woman."

"Thet's all right. Ye never kin tell. I want ye ter promise thet when ye git ter be a 'mancipated woman an air 'lected to office thet ye won't go ter the hotel an register ez 'Honor'ble 'Mandy Corntossel an husband.'"—Washington Star.

Increase of Suicides in Austria.

The increase in the number of suicides in Austria, which is stated to have been very marked in the sixties and seventies, fell off in the 10 years 1880-90. Since the latter date, however, it has again become noticeable. In 1891 the number of suicides was 872, in the following year it was 903, and last year it reached 1,005.—London Times.

All diseases of the skin cured, and lost complexion restored by Johnson's Oriental Soap. J. H. HARDIN, J. H. BUNTING.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

doc 14 tf fr su we W fp

A CROP O' KISSES.

From her side I go a-singin in the mornin cool an gray,
When the dew shines in the furrow an the hills climb into day,
An I kiss her at the partin—she's the sweetest thing in life—
Like I use' to kiss my sweetheart 'fore my sweetheart was my wife.

It's kind o' "goodby" kissin, though it's kissin mighty soon,
An I say, "I'll make it last me till the shadders point to noon,"
An the keen larks sing "He kissed her," an the winds sing "So did we,"
When some wild rose comes a-climin an jes' steals her kiss from me.

Then the plow stands in the furrow, an my dreamin eyes I shield
As I look where last I left her as I sing across the field:
"Here's the winds a-laughin at me, here's the lark a-singin this,
'He's kissed her, kissed her, kissed her, but the rose has stole the kiss.'"

Then with all the birds a-singin an a-twittin me so sweet
I lose sight o' all the grasses roun the corn blades at my feet
An my horse looks roun a-wonderin till he almost seems to say,
"Will you make a crop o' kisses or another crop o' hay?"

An I don't know how to answer, for I'm thinkin, an I seem
Like a feller jes' a-wakin from the middle of a dream,
An horse is out o' harness, with his mane a-flowin free,
An the rose that stole her kisses—well, she kisses it an me.
—Southern Magazine.

THE FIRST IDEALIST.

A jellyfish swam in a tropical sea,
And he said: "This world it consists of me.
There's nothing above and nothing below
That a jellyfish ever can possibly know
(Since we've got no sight or hearing or smell)
Beyond what our single sense can tell.
Now, all that I learn from the sense of touch
Is the fact of my feelings viewed as such.
But to think they have any external cause
Is an inference clean against logical laws.
Again to suppose, as I've hitherto done,
There are other jellyfish under the sun
Is a pure assumption that can't be backed
By a jot of proof or a single fact.
In short, like Hume, I very much doubt
If there's anything else at all without.
So I come at last to the plain conclusion,
When the subject is fairly set free from confusion,
That the universe simply centers in me.
And if I were not then nothing would be."

That minute a shark, who was strolling by,
Just gulped him down in the twink of an eye,
And he died with a few convulsive twists.

But somehow the universe still exists.
—Boston Globe.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variation from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	6
Standard	7½	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	9½	@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb		@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	25
CORN MEAL—		@	36
Per bushel, in sacks	53½	@	55
Virginia Meal	48	@	50
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	35
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6		6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	0	@	
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	9 00	@	10 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	2 50	@	3 50
" Extra	3 75	@	4 25
" Straight	3 25	@	
Second Patent	3 60	@	
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	3 50
" Family	3 25	@	
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	57½	@	
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	55
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	55
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	55
Cow Peas	85	@	90
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	3½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	9c
North Carolina	8½	@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel			1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, rough wood	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	18 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	27½
" in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	25	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 00	@	1 10
PORK, ₩ bbl—			
City Mess		@	14 00
Rump		@	14 00
Prime		@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack—		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	55
a Line, ₩ bushel	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 00	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	10	@	
RICE— Carolina, ₩ lb	4	@	5
" Upland	60	@	70
" Rangoon	1 00	@	1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb		@	1½
Country		@	1
POTATOES, ₩ bbl—			
Sweet	30	@	50
Irish, ₩ bbl	2 15	@	3 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Firm at 28 cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 05 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 20 for Hard, $1 90 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	4½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5¾	" "
Low Middling	6 1-16	" "
Middling	6¼	" "
Good Middling	6 13-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	12	bales
Spirits Turpentine	88	casks
Rosin	309	bbls
Tar	200	bbls
Crude Turpentine	44	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 23—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1¾@2 per cent., last loan at 1¾ per cent., and closing offered at 1¾ cent. Prime mercantile paper 4¾ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼@488½ for sixty days and 489¼@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 487½@488. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 112⅝; United States twos 96. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds active.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day quiet at 67¼@68 for three ounces

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK April 23—Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 7 3-16c. middling uplands 6 15 16c.

Futures closed firm, with sales of 255,500 bales; April 6 87c; May 6.89c; June 6.79c; July 6 83c; August 6 87; September 6.90c; October 6.94; November 6.98c; December 7.02c. January 7.07c.

Net receipts 1,385 bales; gross receipts 12,373 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,510 bales; exports to France — bales, exports to the Continent 2,853 bales; forwarded 3,084 bales; sales 29 bales, sales to spinners 90 bales stock (actual) 214,468 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 11.589 bales; exports to Great Britain 9,654 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 3.852 bales; stock 736,539 bales

Total so far this week—Net receipts 35,651 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,569 bales; to France 980 bales; to the Continent 5,804 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,601,296 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,051,023 bales; exports to France 740,733 bales; exports to the Continent 2,174,611 bales.

Flour was quiet and held firmly; winter wheat, low grades $2 10@$2 60; fair to fancy grades $2 70@3 05; patents $3 00@3 50; Minnesota clear $3 70@3 00; do. patents $3 40@4 30; low extras $2 10@2 60; city mills — Southern flour quiet, firm, common to fair extra $2 00@2 90, good to choice do. $2 60@3 40. Wheat dull, firm and scarce; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 64¼@64¾; afloat 65¾c; options were less active and irregular, with the close ste

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 3d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Grocers' Drugs.

50 Dozen castor oil.
20 Dozen sweet oil.
30 Dozen U. S. P. Laudanum.
40 Dozen essence lemon.
30 Dozen essence cinnamon.
20 Dozen essence peppermint.
500 Pounds Epsom salts.
30 Pounds pressed camphor.

E. R. Durkee & Co's strictly pure goods.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.
ap 21 tf D&W

FOR

MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

THE WALL PAPER.

When I was only five years old,
My mother, who was soon to die,
Raised me with fingers soft and cold
On high

Until against the park wall
I reached a golden paper flower.
How proud was I, and, ah, how tall
That hour!

"This shining tulip shall be yours,
Your own, your very own," she said.
The mark that made it mine endures
In red.

I scarce could reach it from the floor
I craned to touch the scarlet sign.
No gift so precious had before
Been mine.

A paper tulip on a wall!
A boon that ownership defied!
Yet this was dearer far than all
Beside.

Real toys, real flowers that lavish love
Had strewn before me all, and each
Grew pale beside this gift above
My reach.

Ah, now that time has worked its will
And fooled my heart and dazed my eyes
Delusive tulips prove me still
Unwise.

Still, still the eluding flower that glows
Above the hands that yearn and clasp
Seems brighter than the genuine rose
I grasp.

So has it been since I was born
So will it be until I die.
Stars, the best flowers of all, adorn
The sky.

—Edmund Gosse in Russet and Silver.

THE DEVIL STONE.

It was in the dusky, tepid twilight of a particularly hot, vaporous, drowsy day at Aix-les-Bains, in Savoy, that I passed through the hotel garden and prepared to take a languid stroll through the streets of the little town. I was tired of having nothing to do and no one to talk to. The other people staying at the Hotel de l'Europe were mostly foreigners, and apart from that entirely uninteresting, and, as to my father, he was almost a nonentity to me at present till his "course" was completed. From early morn to dewy eve he was immersed in the waters, either outwardly or inwardly or both, and beyond occasional glimpses of him arrayed in a costume resembling that of an Arab sheik being conveyed in pomp and a sedan chair to or from the baths I was, figuratively speaking, an orphan until table d'hote.

As I crossed the veranda some one rose from a long chair, and throwing his book down said: "Where are you going, Miss Durant? May I go too?"

"If you like," I answered politely but indifferently. "I am only going to look for spoons."

"For"—

"Spoons. I am collecting, you know. It is something to do, and one can always give them away when one is tired of them."

So we sauntered along side by side, and as we did so I began to feel less bored and more reconciled to the trouble of existence, and finally amused and interested and flattered.

For this quiet looking, middle aged man, to whom my father had introduced me two days before as an old friend of his, and whom I had mentally summed up as "rather handsome, clever perhaps, conceited possibly and married probably," was making himself agreeable as only a cultivated, polished man of the world who wishes to make a favorable impression can, and gradually I found myself acknowledging that his dark, intellectual face, with its crown of waving, iron gray hair, was something more than handsome, and that his cleverness was sufficient to carry him beyond conceit, while it did not set him above a very evident enjoyment of a girl's society and conversation.

He had already learned most of my tastes and occupations and drawn from me, by a magnetic sympathy, some confessions as to my inmost thoughts and aspirations, telling me in return that he was traveling wearily in search of rest authoritatively ordered by his doctor, and he was deploring his lonely bachelorhood, when my attention was attracted by some quaint spoons half hidden among other old dull silver things in a forsaken looking little shop to which our wanderings had led us through narrow, dingy byways. "I wonder how much they are," I said, and asking me to wait outside Colonel Haughton disappeared into the obscure interior. I remained gazing through the window for a moment; then, impelled by what idle impulse I know not, I walked slowly on.

The sound of a casement opening just over my head and a feminine laugh arrested me, and I looked up. It was a curious laugh, low and controlled, but with a malicious mockery in it that seemed a fit ending to some scathing speech, and just inside the open lattice, her arms resting on the sill and chin dropped lightly on her clasped hands, leaned the most beautiful woman I have ever seen. It was but a glimpse of auburn hair in a white forehead, of eyes like brown pansies, and parted lips that looked like scarlet petals against the perfect pallor of her rounded cheeks, but it is photographed forever on my brain, for as I looked a man's hand and arm, brown, lean and supple, with the nervous fingers, on one of which a green stone flashed, clutching a poniard, came round her neck and plunged the dagger, slantingwise, deep down into her heart. The smile on the beautiful lips quivered and fixed, but no sound came from them, and the eyes turned up and fixed, and as she swayed toward the open window the spell that was upon me broke, and with a shuddering cry I fled. On, on—blindly, madly, desperately—with no sense or thought or feeling save an overwhelming horror. A red mist seemed to close around me and wall me in, and as I fought against it I felt my strength fail, and all was dark and still.

Somewhere in the darkness a voice speaking, the touch of a hand on my face, a glimpse of light, a sense of pain that some one else was suffering, then consciousness and memory. My father's anxious face bent over me, and his voice, as though from a distance, said:

"Theo, are you better, dear? No, don't get up—rest and take this." And sinking back I vaguely understood that I was in my own room at the hotel, and that a stranger, a doctor no doubt, was present. He enjoined absolute quiet till he saw me again and asked that he should be informed at once if there was any recurrence of fainting. Later when I was in a condition to explain the origin of this attack he would be able to prescribe for me. The light of dawn was struggling through the curtains, and I knew that I must have been unconscious for many hours. With the effort to banish all recollections of the terrible scene I had witnessed came lethargy and later deep and dreamless sleep.

Some days of seclusion and rest partially restored my health and spirits, and I began to feel that what had passed had been a sort of evil dream, a terror that were best forgotten. My father when he heard my story was at first incredulous. Then, impressed in spite of himself by my earnestness, he gave an unwilling belief to it, but he entreated me to mention it to no one save himself. He could find no account of a murder in the local papers, nor could he ascertain whether the tragedy I saw was known to have taken place, and as he did not wish my name to be introduced in any inquiry he allowed the matter to drop. To him I spoke of it no more, but the remembrance of it would not be wholly banished. I was haunted by the sight of that lovely face and the sound of that laugh with its dreadful sequel. And a strange fancy had come to me also that the face was in some way familiar to me. I would lie with closed eyes for hours seeking in vain to recall the resemblance that just eluded me. One day meditating thus I roused myself from my reverie and met my own reflection in a mirror that hung opposite. Breathless I gazed, while a new terror took possession of me. There was the resemblance I had sought. There were the auburn hair; the deep, dark eyes; the colorless face with scarlet lips just parted. Not so beautiful perhaps as the one I had seen in the window. Indeed as I gradually comprehended it was myself I gazed upon I could see no beauty in the familiar features, but so like, so wonderfully, terrible like! And then for the first time I began to doubt the reality of my vision and to long eagerly for the power to put it from me. I determined to rest and to dream no longer, and that afternoon I descended to the garden.

"At last!" said Colonel Haughton, taking both my hands. "I thought we were never going to see you again. I have been reproaching myself with having overtired you that day—with having left you. I had no intention of remaining away from you for more than a moment, and I want to explain what detained me. When I came out and found you gone, I concluded you had returned here, and hurrying on I was fortunate enough to reach you just before you fainted. Your father tells me you have had a touch of malaria, and I hope—but I distress you, Miss Durant. I am tiring you. Let me find you a comfortable chair and leave you to rest."

"No, no," I cried eagerly. "Stay—I will sit here. Tell me, where did you get that ring?"

On his finger shone a curious green stone that seemed the counterpart of the one I had noticed on the hand that held the dagger.

"That is exactly what I want to tell you," he said. "After getting your spoons for you I noticed, resting on a carved bracket, this ring. It is a very curious stone. You see it looks quite dull now, yet it sparkles with all the brilliancy of a diamond. And on the back of it is cut part of the head of a snake. I have only seen a ring like this once before, and that was long ago in a hill temple in India. They called it the Devil Stone and worshiped it, and they told me the tradition of it. Centuries before this stone had been discovered by a holy man imbedded in a sacred relic, and he made a shrine for it, whence it was stolen by robbers. The next stage in its history was its division into two equal parts by a maharajah, who had them set into rings, one of which he wore always himself, and the other he bestowed on his maharanee, whom he loved greatly. One day he found it missing from her finger, and in a fit of jealousy he killed her, afterward destroying himself. His ring passed into the possession of the Brahmans, but hers could never be traced. They say that eventually the two will be united, and that until this happens the lost ring will fulfill its mission. It is supposed to impel its wearer to deeds of violence and to his own destruction, and when the evil spirit within it is gratified it flashes and sparkles. They say, too, that if you cast it from you you throw away with it the greatest happiness of your life and lose the chance of it forever. Yet if you wear it it dominates your fate. The instant I saw it I recognized the lost ring and asked the man his price for it. He refused to tell me, said it was not for sale, and I left the shop, because I did not wish to keep you waiting longer, but I returned next day and succeeded in obtaining it. The old man, a curious old Italian, was very reticent about it, but he seemed to have gathered some knowledge of the tradition, and said it had the 'evil eye,' and was neither good to sell nor to wear. It had been sold to him by a compatriot, he said, who had a dark history—a man who was ever too ready with his knife, and who had come to a bad end. I told him I would steal it, and he might charge me what he liked for some other purchases, so we settled it that way."

"Are you not afraid to wear it?" I asked. "It makes me shudder to look at it. There is some deadly fascination about it, I am sure."

"I am afraid of nothing," he said lightly, "except your displeasure, Miss Theo. If it annoys you, I will not wear it, but I confess it has a very great fascination for me. I do not believe in superstition, but I like the stone for its antiquity and strange history. Some day I will send it to my friends, the Brahmans. Meanwhile it inspires me with no evil propensity, and since it has interested you I am grateful to it so far."

So I resolved to put the ring and its history out of my mind and to occupy myself only with the new interest that had dawned upon my life. The next few days went by so happily, and it seemed so natural to me that Lionel Haughton should be always by my side that I did not stay to ask myself the reason for our close companionship, yet I think within my heart of hearts I knew. And each day and hour I spent with him was bringing us nearer together and binding us with ties that would not easily be broken.

"Haughton is very much improved," said my father one day, "since I knew him many years ago. His brother was my great friend, and I did not see much of this one. He seems to have spent a good deal of his life in India, and I fancy it has affected his health. I suppose he won't return there. I must persuade him to come and pay us a visit when we go home, eh, Theo?"

One evening when our stay was drawing to a close we proposed to go to the casino, where I wished to try my luck at gambling. "I am always lucky if things go by chance," I said, "and I have neglected my opportunity here sadly. Let us go and gamble tonight, and I will win fortunes for all of us."

Colonel Haughton did not, however, join us as usual at table d'hote that evening, and a note handed to me afterward from him told me that he had been feeling ill, but was now better and would meet us later at the casino. It was the first time I had ever played, and before long it became apparent that my prophecy about my luck was being fulfilled. I won and won and won again till a heap of gold and notes was in front of me, and I was the center of all eyes at the table. I played recklessly, and yet I could not lose till suddenly my attention was distracted by the arrival of Colonel Haughton, who leaned over my shoulder and placed his stake next to mine. As he did so the ring seemed to emit a faint sparkle, and I felt as if my careless good fortune had deserted me. I wanted to win now, whereas before I had played for the excitement only with the true gambler spirit. And yet from that moment I lost. He also lost heavily—so heavily that I wondered if he were rich enough to take it as philosophically as he appeared to. Nevertheless so large a sum had I won at first that, though much diminished, it was still a small fortune that I gathered up when we left the tables.

"You brought me bad luck," I said to Colonel Haughton as we walked back to the hotel. "Do you know, I think it was your ring."

"I would never wear it again if I thought that," he answered. Then, as we reached the garden and my father passed on to the salon, "Theo," he continued, "stay a moment. I have something to tell you. My darling, I love you. I love you more than life. Will you try to care for me a little in return? I want you for my wife. I worship you!"

Ah, Lionel, beloved, it scarcely needed the assurance of your love for me to bring me the certainty of mine for you! If ever the gates of heaven open to mortal eyes, they stood ajar for us that night. The starlit garden was changed into a veritable Eden, and we walked with wondering joy therein and reeked not of an angel with flaming sword, who waited silently to drive us from our paradise into outer darkness.

It was scarcely noon the following day when we began the ascent of the Dent du Chat, one of the mountain peaks that tower above Aix.

"I feel as if I had wings and must soar into a higher atmosphere," I had said gayly, "and since we cannot fly let us climb. I want to reach the top of that mountain with you and leave the world behind us. Let us go."

We were to ride up a certain distance and then dismount and gain the highest point on foot. Three guides accompanied us, following leisurely, talking and gesticulating to each other and paying little heed to us, save an occasional frantic rush at the mules when we approached an awkward corner of the zigzag pathway, which had the effect of adding a momentary uncertainty and danger to our otherwise tranquil ascent. We were not sorry when, after two or three hours of this progress, the guides told us we must halt, and that they would remain in charge of the mules till we returned to them. It was rather a toilsome climb, and the sun was beating fiercely down upon us, but we felt rewarded, when, not far from the top, we reached a plateau where we could rest, while a cool breeze from the distant snowy peaks revived us.

"Here is an armchair all ready for you," Lionel said, leading me to where a soft couch of mossy turf lay beneath the shadow of an upright, projecting piece of rock. A yard or two farther on the precipitous side of the mountain descended, sheer and impassable down almost to its foot, terminating in a dark and narrow gorge between two ridges. Away on the left far below us nestled Aix, and by its side the Lac du Bourget, with its island monastery surrounded by water as blue as Geneva's own.

"How lovely it is!" I exclaimed. "I never knew before how beautiful life could be."

"Nor I," he answered. "I have been waiting for my wife to teach me." And then he told me of life in India, and of many adventures he had had, and finally we spoke again of the ring and of my strange and sudden illness on that day.

"Some day I will tell you all about it," I said, "and why I have such a curious feeling against the ring. I wish you would not wear it. Yet now that you possess it I have a sort of superstitious dread that if you part with it it will revenge itself upon you in some way. I am sure I saw it sparkle last night when the cards went against us. You were so terribly unlucky."

"Unlucky at cards, lucky in love," he quoted, but I noticed a shadow on his face. "What have you done with all your wealth, little gambler? You have not had time to spend it yet."

"Here it is," I answered, drawing out my pocketbook, in which I had stuffed the notes, "but I have taken a dislike to it. I shall give it away, I think. I would rather be lucky in another way."

"I will send the ring to India on my wedding day," Lionel exclaimed. "Till then will you wear it for me?" and drawing it from his finger he was about to place it upon mine.

But I would not allow him to do so, and laying it on the bank notes I said: "There's a contradiction! Good luck and bad luck side by side! Let us leave them there," I added half laughing, half in earnest, "and start again afresh."

He turned suddenly away, and fearing he was vexed I laid my hand upon his arm, but he shook it gently off, and then I saw he was singularly pale, and that his breathing was quick and short, and his eyes had a strangely troubled and intent look. "Lionel, you are ill," I cried. "Oh, what is it, love? What can I do for you?"

"It is nothing," he said faintly, but his voice was changed. "It will pass off. I will return to the guides and get some water. Wait here till I come back."

"Let me come with you," I entreated, but he shook his head and said he was better and would be quite well if I would do as he wished. Then he began the descent. I watched him for a few moments, till he was lost to view at a bend of the mountain, before returning to my seat. But the sun had gone in, and it seemed cold and dark, and a dull, heavy weight rested on my heart. I was lonely there without him, and the moments dragged on slowly and wearily, till I felt the suspense and stillness unendurable.

I decided I would wait only five minutes more and then would follow him, and leaning back wearily I closed my eyes. A sort of faintness came over me, for I was tired, and the sudden change from perfect happiness to this anxiety, this vague alarm, had chilled and stupefied me.

It may have been a few moments after, or longer, I cannot tell, but I became aware suddenly that, although no sound of footsteps had reached me, there was some one near. I remained absolutely still and listened intently, and though there was no tangible movement or sound there was an impalpable stir in the stillness round me, some vague breath that seemed to speak of danger. I felt paralyzed with the same powerlessness that had seized me when the tragedy at the window was enacted before my eyes. It flashed into my mind that perhaps it was a thief, attracted by the notes and ring lying beside me, who had crept behind, believing that I slept. My hand was almost touching them, and as I glanced down to see if I could reach them without moving I noticed with a thrill of indescribable horror that the green stone was sparkling brilliantly with a thousand rays of scintillating light.

And then—something stirred behind me, and round my neck crept a hand, holding a short, sharp knife, such as Indians carry, and poised it over my heart as if to strike. With an instantaneous desperate throb of agonized revolt against my impending fate I grasped the ring and flung it toward the precipice. As it flashed through the air the knife dropped, and the murderer sprang to the edge in a vain effort to catch the stone ere it fell. He stumbled, missed his footing, and with one terrible cry and his hands grasping the air wildly he fell backward into the abyss.

And it was Lionel, my beloved!

When the guides came to look for us, I told them smilingly that the English gentleman had dropped his ring, and in trying to find it had slipped and fallen over the precipice.

They led me down the mountain with reverent care and hushed steps and voices, for they said to each other: "Figure to yourself this English colonel was in love with the beautiful young lady, and he has perished before her eyes. It is a terrible thing, and it has turned her brain."

And when my father told me gently, come days after, that they had found him and he was to be buried that day in the little cemetery, I laughed outright.

But I have never smiled since—and I am quite sane now—only I think I have done with laughter for the rest of my life. And I sometimes wonder why these things should have been, and if there is an explanation of them, save one.—Beatrice Heron-Maxwell in Pall Mall Magazine.

It Recalled the Honeymoon.

Here is a quaint little story told of a young couple upon their wedding trip, crossing from Dover to Calais. Jenny had grown tired and sickly on deck, and James had led her to the saloon below, lovingly wrapping her up in a Scotch plaid in a snug looking corner. He then went and fetched her some eau de cologne and was not less lavish of endearing words until—until he found he had made a mistake.

His wife had moved to another corner of the saloon more free from drafts, and an elderly woman with just the same sort of plaid had taken her place. Realizing the condition of affairs, James dropped the cologne bottle and fled. Later he induced his wife to go and apologize to the woman he had unwittingly lavished tenderness upon, and Jenny went.

"My dear," said the elderly woman tearfully, "don't apologize. It was nice to be called such sweet names. It reminded me of my honeymoon time. It's many a long year since my John had a tender word for me."

John never meant to be unkind and probably did love his wife. Only, like too many other married men, he fancied that the love which made for itself speech without measure before marriage had no need to break silence afterward.—London Tit-Bits.

The "Yard" Arrow.

It has been generally believed that the English war arrow was of the same length as that of the standard yard—namely, 3 feet—but in the absence of positive proof the weight of argument is supposed to be against such an assumption. One of the best pieces of evidence of the length of the old English war arrow is in the form of a weapon of that kind made of pure silver, which is now the property of the Royal Toxophilite society of London. This is believed to be an exact model of the old war arrow. It was inherited by its present owners from the old Society of Finsbury Archers. It bears the date of 1663 and is only 28¼ inches in length.

The ancient scorton arrow, supposed to be of the date of the year 1672, but which is unmarked with either letters or figures, is of the same length of the above. This, taken with a reference to an act of parliament, which decreed that the war arrow should "be with shafts of the length of three-quarters of the standard," which would give a length of 27 inches, is believed to be proof positive of its exact length.

The length of the arrows still employed in oriental countries and in all lands in which the inhabitants are still in a semisavage state is equal to the average height of the bowmen who are expected to use them.

It is believed that there is not now a single specimen of the kind of arrow in existence which did England such splendid service at the battle of Agincourt.—St. Louis Republic.

"Declined With Thanks" In Chinese.

The following is said to be an exact translation of the letter sent by a Chinese editor to a would be contributor, whose manuscript he found it necessary to return:

"ILLUSTRIOUS BROTHER OF THE SUN AND MOON—Behold thy servant prostrate before thy feet. I kowtow to thee and beg that of thy graciousness thou mayst grant that I may speak and live. Thy honored manuscript has deigned to cast the light of its august countenance upon us. With raptures we have perused it. By the bones of my ancestors never have I encountered such wit, such pathos, such lofty thought. With fear and trembling I return the writing. Were I to publish the treasure you sent me, the emperor would order that it should be made the standard and that none be published except such as equaled it. Knowing literature as I do, and that it would be impossible in 10,000 years to equal what you have done, I send your writing back. Ten thousand times I crave your pardon. Behold, my head is at your feet. Do what you will. Your servant's servant. THE EDITOR."—New York Times.

CHOPIN'S TWELFTH NOCTURNE.

Beyond the realm of being and of pain,
Upward and onward flits my charmed soul,
Captive to the ineffable control
Of music's wonder worker. Every strain
Of this heaven nurtured harmony is rain
To the parched globe of memory, a scroll
Whereon are graven cabalas that roll
Floods of bewildering transport on the brain.
In joy's whirlpool I revel as I soar,
And from the other heights whereto I climb
List the sound waves sweep back from Lethe's shore
In lessening cadence toward the stand of Time.
Deeply in the Circean founts I dip
And with the wild winds mix in fellowship.

A season, and throughout my spirit runs
A pang of awesome desolateness, lent
The somberness of some dead firmament
Of cinerated worlds and buried suns.
And then the presence of long vanished ones—
Soul fellows ere youth's heritage was spent—
Glides palpably a-near. I am content.
My grasp Infinitude no longer shuns!
A moment, and a mighty sorrow, born
Of exaltation's excess, casts a pall;
Tears start as drops of Nature's grief at morn
Adown chameleon shafts of sunlight fall;
My being quivers 'neath the sweet duress
Of pain more joyous than earth's joyousness!
—John Talman in McClure's Magazine.

Adulteration of Rubber.

The adulteration of rubber is something remarkable, and in order to make it weigh more barytes, white lead or most anything is used. The consumer is attracted to the product because it is cheap, but he pays just so much more per pound for the heavy minerals compounded. Insulating men use a very cheap rubber coming from the eastern coast of Mexico and Nicaragua. It sells for about 15 cents per pound and can hardly be called rubber. Chicle is very cheap and used in the manufacture of chewing gum. The whole subject is one of price, and as you cannot get something for nothing you cannot get lasting mechanical goods at a quotation which will not pay weight for weight for the rubber supposed to be in them.—Hardware.

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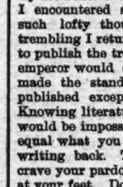

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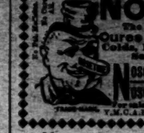

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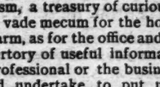

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DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 9.45 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 10.37 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkin 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.12 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.10 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.55 p m, Warsaw 5.49 p m, Magnolia 6.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.39 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 A m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 8.45 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.35 p m, Greenville 5.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.40 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.00; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.59 p m; Sunday 5.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 7.00 p m, 5.30 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 7.05 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.40 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m, connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4.20 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.51 p m, arrive Pee Dee 8.53 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.35 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.06 p m, 4.30 p m. 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.00 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 8.08 p m, Dunn 8.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.58 a m, R

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING APRIL 24, 1895

U. S SUPREME COURT.

Petition for Re-hearing Income Tax Cases Will be Considered Monday, May 6th.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—At the opening of the Supreme Court this morning, Chief Justice Fuller made the following announcement: "The consideration of the two petitions for a re-hearing of the income tax cases is reserved until Monday, May 6th, when a full bench is expected, and in that event two counsels on a side will be heard at the time."

This announcement does not mean that a re-hearing of the cases has been granted, but only on that date the Court will hear counsel upon the question whether or not a re-hearing shall be granted.

The announcement of the Chief Justice was made after an hour's consultation in the conference room, to which the Justices were invited yesterday. It is assumed that at this conference confidential assurances were given of Justice Jackson's intention to be present on the day named. That it is not certainly established that he will be present is evident from the Chief Justice's manner of making the announcement, "When a full bench is expected."

FOR HONEST MONEY.

The Chicago League Planning a Campaign Against the Free Coinage Movement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

CHICAGO, April 23.—A systematic effort will be made by the "Honest Money League," recently organized in this State, to capture the Cook county delegate to the State Convention which is to define the position of the State Democracy on the monetary question. At a meeting of the executive committee of the League held at the Palmer House yesterday, it was the general sentiment that a contest with that object in view should be made at the primaries to select delegates, which is to be held May the 3rd.

It is likely that at a meeting of the committee next Wednesday it will be decided to place "honest money" delegates in the field in every ward. An elaborate plan of education will form an important part of the campaign against the free coinage movement. Mass-meetings will be held throughout the city and the State will be flooded with honest money literature within the next ten days A declaration in favor of honest money which is being circulated in the city among Democrats, has already received a large number of signatures.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose ten to twelve points, lost this in most cases, fell one point, regained this and rose six to seven points and closed firm with sales of 255,000. Liverpool advanced four and half points and closed quiet; the spot sales were 12,000 bales at an advance of 1-16d. New Orleans advanced five to six points, but lost most of it later on and then rallied again. In Manchester yarns were quiet, cloths in moderate demand. Spot cotton here was quiet, with sales of 90 for spinning and 200 delivered on contract. The Southern spot markets were generally steady to firm and unchanged. St. Louis advanced 1-16c. The port receipts were 11,569 bales, against 14,406 this day last week and 6,967 last year; thus far this week 35,551 bales, against 43,419 thus far last week. The exports from the ports were 5,144 bales to Great Britain. New Orleans' receipts to-morrow are estimated at 2,000 to 3,000 bales, against 1,168 last week and 916 last year.

To-day's features. The course of prices surprised many to-day, not excepting the bulls. It showed how firm the undertone of the market is and how difficult it is to keep prices from taking an upward course. The Government reported considerable rain in Texas, and yet it had very little effect. It is recognized that Texas needs a great deal more rain and needs it soon. The precipitation the last six months has been much smaller than during the same period in the previous cotton year, and this is a very important factor in the speculation, for it was the enormous rainfall in Texas last season which swelled the present crop to dimensions unheard of before in cotton history. To-day, contrary to expectation, Liverpool advanced materially and Europe bought heavily. Liverpool bought the near and sold the distant months, but the Continent was a buyer of the general list. Local, Southern outside operators were again buying. Large bull houses here have made purchases, and bid freely for May at a premium of twelve points over June. Many of the shorts covered. The South was firm. A rumor from New Orleans that Neill Brothers will issue a bullish circular in regard to the crop prospects in Texas had a stimulating effect upon the market this afternoon. There was considerable realizing to-day by bulls, big and little, but the cotton was readily absorbed, and the tone at the close was firm.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

July Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower —Pork Products Also Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 23.—July wheat opened from 61¾c to 61c, sold between 62 and 60⅜c, closing at 60⅞c. with a net loss of 1⅛ to 1⅝c. for the day. Cash wheat was about 1c. lower than yesterday.

Corn—July corn opened from 48¼ to 48c, sold between 48¼ and 47⅛c, closing at 47⅝ to 47⅜c, 1 to 1⅛c. under yesterday. Cash corn was ¼ to ⅛c. per bushel lower.

July oats closed ⅛ to ⅝c. lower than yesterday. Cash oats were steady.

Provisions—An old and experienced trader stated that they had been trading in wheat in the product market all day. As a matter of fact the fluctuations of the grain mentioned ruled the sentiment throughout, although the effect produced by a weaker hog market was felt at the opening. There was no feature to the trade, which was local and of light proportions. The close was 5c under yesterday for July pork and 5@7½c for lard and July ribs each under that day.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady; machine bbls quoted at 32c. Rosin quiet and firm; strained common to good $1 50@1 52½.

CHARLESTON, April 23—Spirits turpentine firm at 27½c; receipts 28 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10@1 15; receipts 267 barrels.

SAVANNAH, April 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28c for regulars; sales of 64 casks; receipts 1,425 casks. Rosin firm at an advance of 5c on D, E, F, G and H grades, with sales of 2,000 barrels at quotations: A, B and C $1 00, D $1 90, E $1 30, F $1 50, G $1 60, H $1 85, I $1 90, K $2 10, M $2 45, N $2 50, window glass $2 60, water white $2 75.

Judges Woods and Jenkins of the U. S. Circuit Court have made an order formally assigning Judge Bunn, of Wisconsin, to preside over the Debs conspiracy case May 6th.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

NAVAL DEMONSTRATION AGAINST NICAHAGUA BY GREAT BRITAIN.

Three Warships at Corinto to Enforce the Ultimatum—Japan and the Powers—Modification of the China-Japan Treaty—Plague Epidemic—Epsom Races.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANAGUA, NICARAGUA, April 23.—The Government is advised of the arrival of three British worships at Corinto to enforce the British ultimatim. President Zeelaya has cabled Lord Kimberly, British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, asking him to defer hostile demonstration until the proposition of compromise sent by Nicaragua through the Salvador Minister in London can be considered. Much surprise is expressed that there is no American war vessel at Corinto.

PARIS, April 23.—The *Journal Des Debats* publishes a report of an interview with Mr. Sone Areasuke, Japanese Minister to France, upon the results of the China-Japanese war. The Minister declared that European trade would be unable to withstand the competition of Japan. This, however, he said, was purely a pecuniary question, and could be modified in accordance with the adoption by European countries of a bi-metallic standard or the retention of the existing standard. Japan, he said, does not project any conquests. Her one ambition is to advance in the path of progress and develop the trade and industries of the country she has recently acquired. The fears of Spain that Japan will encroach upon the Philippine islands, the Minister said, are groundless. Japan is perfectly satisfied with the possession of Formosa.

LONDON, April 23.—The *Times* correspondent in Hong Kong says: "The soldiery are rioting in North Formosa. Twenty-eight have been killed, including two officers and fifty have been wounded."

A dispatch from Yokohama says the Japanese have denied officially that the treaty of peace will place the Chinese customs under Japanese control. The treaty contains the optional condition that Japan will give up Wei-Hai-Wei upon the payment of the second installment of the war indemnity, provided China pledge her customs to insure the payment of the balance; but this custom possibly will not be observed.

LONDON, April 23.—At the Epsom Spring meeting to-day, the race for the great Metropolitan stakes (Handicap) of 1,000 sovereigns, for three year olds and upwards: winning penalties, about two and a-quarter miles, was won by Sir J. Duke's Cornbury, four years old. Lord Ellsmere's Lady Normanton, four years, second, and Mr. Lebaudy's Barbary, 4 years, third. Time, 4.12 3-5.

LONDON, April 23.—In the House of Commons to-day replying to a question by Sir Thomas Esmonde, Sir Edward Grey said that the imprisonment of ex-Queen Liliuokalani, of Hawaii, was not a matter in which the Government could interfere.

LONDON, April 23.—A dispatch to the *Central News* from Shanghai says Pekin advices state that some modifications of the China-Japanese treaty of peace have been agreed upon. Of the five new commercial ports to be opened it has been decided to substitute Nankin for Pekin and Woo-Chow on the West Canton river for Huchow. Wei-Hei-Wei is also to be garrisoned by Japanese at Chinese expense for a term of years. Nankin, although included in the existing treaty ports, has never been proclaimed open.

HONG KONG, April 23.—The Governor is informed that the Bubonic plague is epidemic on Macao and Hainan, and that emigration from both islands has been prohibited.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

New York--New York, 7; Brooklyn, 10.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 16; Philadelphia, 10.

Washington—Washington, 4; Boston, 1.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 3; Pittsburg, 6.

Louisville—Louisville, 18; Chicago, 14.

Cleveland—Cleveland, 11; St. Louis 18.

Norfolk—Norfolk, 6; Roanoke, 5.

Lynchburg—Lynchburg, 6; Richmond, 9.

Cincinnati—Three victories in succession were too much for the Cincinnati team and to-day it went down before the Pittsburg players to the score of 6 to 3. Attendance 4,945.

New York—Umpire Lynch resigned from the League staff to-day, because President Young decided to comply with the request of the New York club, and ordered him to go to Baltimore. Lynch promptly declined te be transferred and resigned. The game between New York and Brooklyn was then umpired by Players Mekin and Mulvey, and there was considerable fault-finding. Brooklyn won by hitting German very hard.

Richmond—Richmond College, 16; Washington and Lee, 7.

The first series between Boston and Washington ended this afternoon by the home team defeating the visitors by a score of 4 to 1, in one of the most interesting games ever played in Washington.

St. Louis—The St. Louis team defeated the Clevelands to-day in a game remarkable for indifferent pitching and execreable fielding.

Louisville—Louisville defeated Chicago in a heavy batting contest to-day. Both sides were a little wild, but some splendid plays were made.

A WEEK'S RESPITE

Granted to Dr. Buchanan, Who Was to be Electrocuted To-Morrow.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 23.—Dr. Buchanan's wife and Mrs. Coleman, of New York City, waited on Governor Morton at the Executive chamber at 10 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Buchanan made an earnest plea for the life of her husband, who was to be electrocuted at Sing Sing on Wednesday for poisoning his first wife. They were with the Governor in the large reception room for nearly an hour, and all visitors refused admittance, for the first time in years. The Governor at first said he could not interfere, but Mrs. Buchanan's pleadings were so pathetic that he finally granted a week's respite, principally to give the condemned man time in which to prepare for death.

OSCAR WILDE.

A True Bill Found Again: Wilde and Alfred Taylor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, April 23.—The grand jury returned this morning to the Central Criminal Court, Old Bailey, a true bill against Oscar Wilde and Alfred Taylor. The prosecuting witnesses in the case are being lodged with policemen in a house in Croydon street to prevent them from being mobbed. The Exchange Telegraph Company says that Wilde probably will plead guilty of one offence. The *Sun* says it is expected that Wilde's counsel will apply for an adjournment for a month and ask that Wilde be admitted to bail in the meantime.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

DEFAULTER SKIPS.

AGENT AND TREASURER OF MILLS AT FALL RIVER.

Short in His Accounts $6,000—He Speculated in Cotton—Warrants for His Arrest Issued.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, April 23.—Thomas S. Borden, agent and treasurer of the Metacomet and Anawan Mills, has fled from the city. He is short in his accounts to the extent of $6,000 and warrants for his arrest have been issued. He is a man about 45 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches tall, weighs probably 180 pouns, has a black mustache and sharp, black eyes. He is a son of Philip D. Borden, agent and treasurer of the American Linen Mills, and has been in charge of the mills named for a number of years. The shortage became known to his directors yesterday morning and they placed the matter in the hands of counsel. Complaints were drawn up, but when they were ready for service at 4 o'clock, Borden had skipped.

He left on the 1.20 train and probably went to Boston. He speculated in cotton some years ago and lost $11,000. At that time the directors accepted a note and he has since been paying it off. It is said that he had cleared up the old debt, and the new one amounting to the sum stated is an additional loan taken from the mill's funds. It is reported that Borden himself made the shortage known at the directors' meeting held yesterday. His resignation was determined upon some hours before that time. The loss was made good to stockholders by a note said to have been drawn by his father and other friends. Since his first trouble he has been watched very closely. His salary has never been very large as the mills are old and employ only about 400 hands, the weekly pay-roll be being less than $9,000.

FATAL SHOOTING.

Two Men Killed and Another Man Dangerously Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SANFORD, FLA., April 23.—At Marti City, in a suburb of this place last night, Henry Suber shot and killed Leopoldo Rinone and A. E. Odeldo, and his brother Cherles dangerously wounded Antonio Taffoletti. Henry and Charles Suber went into Taffoletti's store and ordered something to eat. While waiting for the order to be filled Rinone and Odoldo came in talking in Italian. Not understanding the language, Henry Suber asked if they were "cursing him." They answered "no," but Suber drew his pistol and began shooting, one bullet striking Rinone near the heart and another striking Odoldo in the forehead, killing them instantly. Taffoletti rushed up and seized Henry Suber's pistol, when Charles Suber shot him in the throat, making a dangerous wound. The Suber brothers then mounted horses and escaped. A posse is in pursuit. Henry Suber is a desperate man, and has killed several men. He was the husband of the Mrs. Suber, who, with her child, was killed in the railroad wreck on the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia, at Scotland, Ga., about six weeks ago, and he recently received $4,000 from the railroad company as damages. He has been drinking hard since getting the money.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Receipts on Account of the Income Tax.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—During the past two months, February and March, $28,657 have been paid into the treasury on account of the income tax, as follows:

From persons, $19,802; from corporations, $8,855. For March the income tax collected amounted to $16,839. Other figures from the monthly statement prepared by Internal Revenue Commissioner Miller show that receipts from internal revenue sources for the nine months ended March 31, were: $109,995,015. An increase over 1894 of $1,950,163, as follows:

Spirits $63,903,869, an increase of $1,180,939; tobacco $32,106,326, an increase of $951,635; fermented liquors $22,801,665, a decrease of $309,315; oleomargarine $1,185,222, a decrease of $263,198; and miscellaneous $470,278, an increase of $360,539.

The receipts for the month of March were $3,230,355 less than for March 1894.

U. S. PRISONERS.

Sent from Fort Smith to Albany Penitentiary.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FORT SMITH, Ark., April 23.—This afternoon Bill Cook began his journey to Albany, N. Y., where he will serve forty-five years in the penitentiary. Cook left in the special prison car which is lined with sheet iron and the windows are heavily barricaded. In the special coach were nineteen other prisoners for the penitentiary at Albany. Among them were Enoch Thomas, James and Ed Keeton, who got ten years each for manslaughter; Henry Buffington, a cousin of Cherokee Bill; Thomas Mowell, who with Jim French and John H. Beck, a Cherokee attorney, were convicted of working fraudulent certificates of Cherokee citizenship just before the payment last year. The others were cattle and horse thieves and whiskey peddlers.

CAUSED EXCITEMENT.

The Closing of the First National Bank of Willimantic, Conn.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HARTFORD, April 23.—Excitement continues to-day in Willimantic over the closing of the First National Bank by National Bank Examiner Dooley. There are ugly rumors to-day about O. H. K. Risley, cashier, who died a few weeks ago, and it is said that he forged the names of some of the directors, including John M. Hall, of the Consolidated road. The bank was the correspondent of the Dime Savings Bank; some of the latter's funds are tied up. There was a run on on the savings bank to-day, but business was suspended when it was feared that there would be rush.

TO CONFEDERATE DEAD,

Monument at Chicago to be Dedicated Decoration Day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Many notable Union and Confederate officers will be the guests of the Chicago reception committee on the occasion of the dedication of the monument to the Confederate dead in Oakwood Cemetery Decoration Day. The reception committee is composed of Chicago's most prominent citizens. Potter Palmer has written from Europe to have all the distinguished visitors received at his hotel as complimentary guests. Contributions of flowers and moss will come by car loads from Atlanta, New Orleans, Savannah, Pensacola and Charleston. A company of Sons of Confederate Veterans, Camp Moultrie, from Charleston, will attend.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CASHIER HOLLAND

EMBEZZLED SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

Of Funds of the Merchant's and Farmers' National Bank of Charlotte—Has Made No Effort to Escape.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 23.—Cashier J. R. Holland, of the Merchants' and Farmers' National Bank of Charlotte, is a defaulter to the amount of $60,000 or more. Bank Examiner Miller has been here for several days and says he will remain for at least two weeks longer. It was he who discovered the defalcation. Mr. Holland's peculations have been carried on for eight years past, and he has managed until the last few days to hide them from discovery. The exact amount of them is not yet fully known.

No man in Charlotte has in the past been held in higher regard or been more fully trusted than Mr. Holland, and the whole city was greatly surprised and shocked to hear of his embezzlement. He has not yet been placed under arrest, at the request of the directors of the bank, he agreeing to waive examination in case proceedings are begun against him. He has never made the slightest effort to escape.

Week before last, Bank Examiner Miller stopped at Gastonia on his way to Charlotte. He examined the National Bank there thoroughly, and knew every bank with which it had an account or money loaned. He found that bank in good condition and came on to Charlotte. The first day he spent at the Merchants' and Farmers' Bank he discovered on looking over cashier Holland's books, where he had a loan of $5,000 marked to the Gastonia bank. He called Mr. Holland up and asked if that was correct. He said yes Mr. Miller made a mental note of the fact. He next proceeded to look over the cash. He found it short just one dollar. That was easily accounted for and paid. That night Mr. Miller left. No one asked where he was going, but supposed he was through with his examination and had gone elsewhere on the same errand. He had gone, but only to return. He took the 10.40 train for Gastonia, rung Mr. Jenkins, the President of the bank, up, and told him he wanted to look over his books again. Mr. Jenkins wondered what was up, but said little. He and Mr. Miller spent the night going through the books. No loan of $5,000 to the Merchants' and Farmers' Bank was found. Mr. Miller said: "You have loaned the Merchants' and Farmers' Bank, of Charlotte, $5,000, of which there is no record." "No," said Mr. Jenkins, "I have not."

That was the beginning of the end. Mr. Miller said nothing more, but came back to Charlotte the next day. He appeared at the Merchants' and Farmers' Bank and said to Mr. Holland, that he might have made a mistake in counting the cash the day before, and believed he would count it again. Instead of finding it only one dollar short, he found it $16,000 short. Mr. Holland, as was his custom, had borrowed $16,000 to put to his cash while the examiner was here, but thinking he had finished and departed, and that he was safe at least for another year, he withdrew the $16,000 and returned it to the party from whom he borrowed it. Seeing that all was lost, he confessed to President McAden that he was a defaulter and the sad story of his fall became known.

The Merchants' and Farmers' Bank is perfectly safe, having a sufficient reserve fund to cover all losses.

FIRE AT ST. PAUL

Loss Estimated at Over $100,000—Fully Insured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. PAUL, MINN., April 23.—Fire broke out in the wholesale hat and fur establishment of Lampher, Finich & Skinner this afternoon, and raged for three hours. The flames started on the fifth floor, and worked its way downward. The Fire Department turned out and deluged the place with water, ruining nearly all of the goods in stock, from the third floor to the basement. The stock is valued at $175,000, and the loss will reach $110,000. The insurance is placed at $160,000. The building is owned by the McMillan estate, and is damaged $10,000.

WARM WIRELETS.

The armored cruiser Amphitrite was placed in commission at the Norfolk Navy Yard yesterday.

The steamer Montevideo has arrived at Guantanamo, Cuba, from Cadiz, with 1,450 regular troops on board.

S. S. Sweet, of Macon, Ga., died suddenly yesterday at the St. Dennis Hotel, New York, as supposed, from heart disease.

Henry Bernutter, a twelve-year old boy, who was bitten by a cat six weeks ago at Tallahasse, Fla., died, after suffering two days, from hydrophobia.

Three hundred Illinois miners decided to strike rather than accept the reduction of 5 cents. Delegates were appointed to visit working miners and urge them to join.

Oscar Wilde's valuable collection of prints, Moorish pottery, bric-a-brac, etc., will be sold at auction in London tomorrow. The articles to be sold include Carlysle's writing table.

The Supreme Court of Michigan has handed down a decision establishing the validity of the law which provides that life imprisonment operates as a decree of absolute divorce without further legal proceedings.

Wm. Owen, colored, was hanged at Varner, Ark., yesterday. One year ago Owen brutally murdered his wife on a plantation near Noble's lake, so that he might marry again. His bravado forsook him at the last moment.

Congressman Benjamin H. Bunn has been appointed Postmaster at Rocky Mount, N. C., *vice* B. Bunn, deceased. The latter was a nephew of the new appointee. He was appointed a year ago and died within the last month or six weeks.

The coopers in the Gallego Flour Mills, Richmond, Va., have struck for higher wages. They demand ten and twelve cents per barrel, as against seven and ten cents, the present schedule. The number of men involved is comparatively small.

Thomas Farley, a driver for the Montgomery, Ala., Brewing Company, committed suicide yesterday by taking morphine. He was at work in the morning. When he went home to dinner he told his wife he was going to kill himself and immediately took morphine.

Robert L. Rebman, 19 years old, a drug clerk, and recently from Richmond, Va., committed suicide in Denver, Col. He received a letter from Richmond that seemed to be the immediate cause of the deed, a short time before killing himself. He took an overdose of morphine.

Joe Robinson, who lives near Quincy, Fla., attended church Monday night with his wife, leaving three children at home. During their absence the house was burned, and the children were cremated. One was a girl about 15 years old, and the others were aged 10 and 5 years respectively. Foul play is suspected.

The Seaboard Air Line will carry the tariff boycott case to the Supreme Court of Georgia instead of before the Inter-State Commerce Commission, as was previously reported. The lower Court permitted the Southern Railway & Steamship Association boycott against the Seaboard to remain in force as to through rates.

Captain Wilkie, of the steamer Bowden, at Baltimore from Porto Antonio, Jamaica, report a large steamer apparently about 2,500 tons, ashore at Cape False, south of Cape Henry. The Bowden passed within about five miles of the steamer, but could not ascertain her name.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

Keys found.—Two bunches of keys at STAR office. Valuable to owners, who will please call and pay for advertisement. ap 24 2t

$75.00 per week paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary. Sells at sight; permanent position. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. april 23 6t

New Photographs—Your special attention is called to my new display of Photographs. Look at them. It will do you good. Have some made like them; they will be a source of joy to you forevermore. Fine photographs at $1 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS, 114 Market street. c21

A chance to make money.—I made $534.00 the last six weeks selling Dish Washers, and was sick part of the time. I don't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer Business. No canvassing. Sold all my Washers at home. Perfect satisfaction. Every one sold sells another. Every family wants one. I will make $8,000 this year easy. I can wash and dry our dishes in two minutes. Any one can make $5 to $12 a day. For circulars write to Iron City Dish Washer Co., S. Highland avenue, E. E. Pittsburg, Pa. mch 19 3m

I am selling one fourth of a pound of Smoking Tobacco for 5 cents. Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Crackers and Cakes sold at lowest prices. Best quality Flour, Molasses and Syrup always on hand. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail Grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. mr 17 tf

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deale in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 92. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Spirittine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spirittine remedies. c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. H. Fishblate,

King Clothier.

WHY should you buy the old carried-over Clothing, advertised by some retailers at reduced prices?

We never carry over any goods, and our prices for new stylish clothes are so low that you need not buy last Spring's goods unless you want to.

Strictly all-wool Suits, trimmed and tailored in first-class manner at $8, $10 and $12. Regular retailers charge $15 to $20 for the same goods. These goods have scored an immense success. We save you 30 per cent. on these excellent garments.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

ap 14 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

For Rent.

I wish to rent out a Steam Grist Mill and Cotton Gin and Turpentine Still, located at Harrell's Store, Sampson county, N. C.

For particulars call on, at my office,

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 Water street,

Wilmington, N. C.

ap20 D&W tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR

Are now making in their various departments a

Great Sale of Bargains

in new and choice

Spring & Summer Goods,

presenting an opportunity to purchasers which seldom occurs.

Every request for goods or samples will have immediate reply.

We commend the following to your attention:

Ladies' Sailors,

Senate Straw, in all colors, as long as they last at 9c each.

Glacia, Dresden, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, in all widths and colors.

Flowers—Daisies, Roses, Chrysanthemums, Forget-Me-Nots, Violets and all styles of Montures, Wreaths and Sprays at exceedingly low prices.

Hats, Hats, Hats

Just received a new lot of Pattern Hats which will be opened Monday. Also a new lot of

Untrimmed Hats.

A new lot of

Infant's Caps and Cloaks

just opened.

Silks.

A new lot of Wash Silks in nice and new designs for 30c a yard.

Time is money, they say, and the few moments spent in a careful examination of our stock, will bear out to its fullest degree the truth of this axiom.

A new lot of PARASOL COVERS.

LADIES' NECKWEAR, a fine line just received and selling at very low prices at

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.

ap 21 tf

BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Special Offers.

Some job lots just received. Quality just as represented or money refunded. No deception.

Any one can quote a price but to sell a GOOD SHOE at a very small price—few can do it. We offer

Ladies' Pat. Tip Oxfords at $1 00
Ladies' Pat. Tip Oxfords at 1 25
Ladies' Common Sense at 1 25
Ladies' Tan Lace Oxfords at 1 25

Lower prices still if wanted. Some down as low as 50 cents.

All the latest styles in Low Shoes at

Geo. R. French & Sons.

108 North Front St.,

ap 21 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

BEST

Condensed News,
Stories,
Miscellany,
Women's Department,
Children's Department,
Agricultural Department
Political Department,
Answers to Correspondents,
Editorials.
Everything,

WILL BE FOUND IN THE

Weekly Courier-Journal

A ten-page, eight-column Democratic Newspaper. HENRY WATTERSON is the Editor.

PRICE $1.00 A YEAR

The WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL makes very liberal terms to Agents. Sample copies of the paper and Premium Supplement sent free to any address. Write to

Courier-Journal Company,

dec 28 tf LOUISVILLE, KY

The Southern Cultivator

Dixie Farmer

The Great Farm, Industrial and Stock Journal of the South.

ONE YEAR FOR $1.

Sample copies and premium list will be mailed on application to

THE CULTIVATOR PUBLISHING CO

7dec Sw

JNO. WILDER ATKINSON, WM. MAYO ATKINSON

ATKINSON & SON,

AGENTS

North Carolina Home Ins. Co.

WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE

Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution. All losses promptly paid.

W. S. PRIMROSE, President.
CHARLES ROOT, Secretary.
PULASKI COWPER, Secretary.

qa3

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. E. GORDON,

Agent

FOR THE WELL KNOWN FIRM

BROWNING, KING & CO.

SAMPLES ON EXHIBITION.

SUITS TO ORDER.

PANTS TO ORDER.

MADE UP IN

THE LATEST STYLES.

You are respectfully asked to call and leave your order.

C. E. Gordon,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts

ap 14 tf

For Easter.

JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.,

Are fully prepared to supply you with every desirable article for

EASTER,

including all the

Newest and Latest Parisian Ideas in

MILLINERY,

Neckwear, Kid Gloves,

Dress Goods

—AND—

Trimmings, Embroideries, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

All orders for Millinery will be promptly executed and perfect satisfaction is assured.

Mail orders promptly filled.

JOHNSON & FORE,

No. 111 Market Street.

ap 7 tf

Woman is a Conundrum!

We have yet got to guess her, but this we do know. She likes to dress and likes to dress in style. We have the goods and we have the price. Give us a chance and we will divide the slice. Our stylish Spring dress goods are still in the lead. Our line of Shallies at 5c is the prettiest you ever saw. Our Ginghams are way down from 8c, 4c, 5c, 6c, up to 9c. We have 40 bolts of Zephyr and fine Ginghams that is worth 10c per yard which we will close out at 7c, less than cost. Our Danish cloth, in all colors, at 10c, are the best goods in town. Our line of ducks are from 9c, 10c, 12½c and 15c per yard in all the leading shades.

Our Sateen in light colors at 10c are the cheapest in the State; dark colors from 8½c to 18c. Plaids and stripes are 18c and look like silk. Our line of Tafata Morie, black grounds with stripes and flowers are $1.69; makes the prettiest waists and looks like a lovely silk. Our double fold dress goods in Henriettas in Red, Brown, Tan, Green and Gray; now 15c, been selling at 18c and 25c. Our Henriettas for 25c is by far the nicest goods we ever saw at that price. Our Serges, 40 inches, at 35c, is as good as we had before at 50c.

Well you must come and look at our Laces and Gloves; good mits, fast dyed, at 10c a pair; all silk, extra heavy, better than we had before at 25c, now only 15c. A job lot of belts; fine perforated girdle leather belt, worth 25c, now 10c. We have fans by the thousand, from 2c a piece up to 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c, 18c, 19c, 25c up to 78c each. Come and look at them; they are so cheap you are sure to buy. We have had by far the best Easter trade we ever had any season before and our stock of Spring Millinery is by far larger than ever. We thank our many customers for their large and liberal patronage, and respectfully ask a continuance of the same. We have to place an order for a lot of the new styles of Dresden Ribbons and other novelties in the ribbon line. Come and see if we are dividing the slice every day with you, not with our competitors. We want your trade if fair dealing and low prices and honest goods will have it if we have not already got it in the past. Come and see us; we are on Front street and opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.,

Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store

ap 14tf

Alpha and Omega.

FOR THE TEETH--

Rince Bouche,	Oralina Mouth Wash.
Oralina Tooth Paste.	Zonweiss
Ideal Tooth Powder,	Lyons' Tooth Powder,
Lyon's Tooth Tablets.	Jennings's Eau Dentifrice
Thurston's Tooth Powder.	Calder's Dentine,
Hood's Tooth Powder	White's Tooth Powder.
Hazard's Saponaceous Dentifrice.	Hazards' Dentine.
Arnica Tooth Soap.	Brown's Camphorated Dentifrice.
Holmes' Dentifrice,	J. & B. Tooth Paste,
Cherry Tooth Paste	M & B. Mouth Wash,
M. & B. Dentifrice	Sozodont.
Albadant Tooth Powder.	Albadent Tooth Wash.

FOR THE COMPLEXION—

Foley's Cream,	Ayer's Recamier Cream.
Co. Menthal Ice,	Douglas' Amandine,
Kazol.	Malvina Lotion,
Malvina Cream,	Ongoline.
Magnolia Balm.	Exora Cream.
Orzyra,	Nail Enamel.
Rosaline,	Modene,
McClatire's Hand Lotion,	Palmer's Lotion.
Cook's Toilet Cream.	Lait de Iris.
Fougera's Angelique,	Blush of Roses,
Bloom of Violets,	Ayer's Recamier Cream;
Holmes' Frostilla.	Woodland Balm.
Eucalyptine.	Espey's Cream.
Oriental Cream.	Honey and Almond Cream
	Laird's Bloom of Youth.
Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream,	Vaseline Camphor Ice.
Vaseline Cold Cream.	Viola Cream,
Vinolia Cream.	Hazeloin Cream.

FOR THE—

Hindercorn	Magic Corn Salve.
Otis Bros. Corn Cure.	A-Corn Salve.
Hawley's Corn Cure.	Camm's Corn Solvent.
Slatterback's Corn Cure.	East India Corn Paint.
Mermen's Corn Cure.	One Night Corn Cure.

Bunting's Pharmacy,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

ap 7 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MERCER & GAYLORD,

—AT THE—

H. C. EVANS'

OLD STAND,

Are still persuading the generous public to buy

Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,

SHOES.

This means we want to sell

SHOES, GOOD CHEAP SHOES

to everybody.

See our prices before you buy.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Gaylord,

115 Princess Street.

Successor to H. C. Evans. mar 20 tf

North Carolina Hams.

We have some fine ones which we offer low in lots to suit.

VISITING MERCHANTS

should see our goods and prices before buying GROCERIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

ap 11 D&W tf

A WAR

—ON—

GROCERIES

Just received to-day to be sold low. One car load light wire hoop flour, SILVER MEDAL FLOUR. One car load of that celebrated D. & L., "Gold Medal," patent flour. 17 tubs fancy Elgin Creamery Butter. 25 medium Cream Cheese, low down. 100 boxes Cakes and Crackers, assorted kinds. 36 barrels New Crop Cuba Molasses. 6 barrels Vanilla Syrup. A lot of cheap New Orleans molasses.

We are State Agents for Gold Medal Cider; guaranteed to keep sweet and fres